HAWAII ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

TITLE 15

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

SUBTITLE 14

HAWAII HOUSING FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

CHAPTER 307

STATE ASSISTED LAND AND HOUSING DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

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<u>Historical Note</u>: Chapter 307 of Title 15, Hawaii Administrative Rules, is based substantially upon Chapter 373 of Title 6, Hawaii Administrative Rules. [Eff 1/9/89; am 8/3/92; R 10/25/99], and Chapter 175 of Title 15, Hawaii Administrative Rules [Eff 10/25/99; R 12/04/10].

SUBCHAPTER 1

GENERAL PROVISIONS

§15-307-1 Purpose. These rules are adopted under chapter 91, HRS, and implement the provisions of chapter 201H, HRS, providing for the development and construction of housing projects; the development and construction of mixed-use development projects; the sale, resale, purchase, repurchase, lease, or rental of dwelling units; interim and construction loans; regional infrastructure grants and loans; and the provisions of loans and guarantees to qualified persons. [Eff 12/04/10; am and comp (Auth: HRS §§201H-5, 201H-16, 201H-93, 201H-94, 201H-96, 201H-143, 201H-40, 201H-41, 201H-45, 201H-47, 201H-51, 201H-52) (Imp: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-94, 201H-96, 201H-143, 201H-40, 201H-41, 201H-45, 201H-47, 201H-51, 201H-52, Acts 130 and 131, SLH 2016)

§15-307-2 **Definitions.** As used in this chapter: "Administrator" means the executive director employed by the board or the executive director's designated representative.

"Assets" means total cash, securities, and real and personal property less any outstanding liabilities secured by the assets.

"Assisted project" means a project which is initiated and developed by an entity other than the corporation, and which is being provided state assistance to lower sales prices or rental rates. Such assistance may include, but is not necessarily limited to, interim and permanent financing, expedited processing of projects, tax credits, general excise tax exemptions, and rental assistance.

"Board" means the board of directors of the Hawaii housing finance and development corporation established under chapter 201H, HRS.

"Contractor" means a general engineering contractor or general building contractor licensed under chapter 444, HRS.

"Corporation" means the Hawaii housing finance and development corporation established under chapter 201H, HRS.

"County" includes the counties of Kauai, Maui, Hawaii, and the city and county of Honolulu, and unless the context requires a different meaning, it shall mean the county in which the project is situated.

"Design professional" means a professional engineer, architect, surveyor, or landscape architect licensed under chapter 464, HRS.

"Develop" or "development" means the planning, financing, acquisition of real property, demolition of existing structures, clearance of real property, construction, reconstruction, alteration, or repairing of approaches, streets, sidewalks, utilities, and services or other site improvements, or construction, reconstruction, repair, remodeling, extension,

equipment, or furnishing of buildings or other structures or any combination of the foregoing, of any housing project. It also includes any and all undertakings necessary therefor, and the acquisition of any housing, in whole or in part.

"Diversified agricultural use" means use of an agricultural lot for the cultivation of crops, including flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruit, forage, and aquaculture.

"Domicile" means the state where a person has his or her true, fixed, and permanent home and to where the person has the intention of returning whenever the person is absent. A person may have only one domicile.

"Dwelling" means a structure designated for residential use.

"Dwelling unit" or "unit" means the structure and land upon which the structure is constructed, whether on fee simple or leasehold property, developed pursuant to chapter 201H, HRS, which is intended for residential purposes. It may also mean improved or unimproved real property which is developed for residential purposes pursuant to the provisions of chapter 201H, HRS.

"Elder" means a person who is a qualified resident of the State and who has attained the age of sixty-two.

"Eligible contractor" means a general engineering contractor or general building contractor licensed under chapter 444, HRS, who:

- (1) Is determined by the board to be qualified by experience and financial responsibility and support to construct housing of the type described and of the magnitude encompassed by the given project; and
- (2) Meets all other requirements that the board deems to be just and reasonable, and all other requirements provided in these rules.

"Eligible developer" means an individual, partnership, cooperative, including limited equity housing cooperatives (as defined in chapter 421H, HRS), firm, nonprofit or profit corporation, limited liability company, or public agency which the corporation has [determined:

- (1) To be qualified by experience and financial responsibility and support to construct housing of the type described and of the magnitude encompassed by the given project;
- (2) To have submitted plans for a project adequately meeting the objectives of chapter 201H, HRS, the maintenance of aesthetic values in the locale of the project, and the requirements of all applicable environmental statutes and rules; and
- (3) To meet all other requirements that the corporation deems to be just and reasonable, and all other requirements provided in chapter 201H, HRS, and these rules.]

 certified pursuant to the provisions of section 15-307-24 of these rules.

"Former owner" means a former owner of a dwelling unit:

- (1) From whom the dwelling unit was repurchased pursuant to section 201H-47, HRS; or
- (2) Who has obtained a waiver of repurchase rights from the corporation [of its rights] under section 201H-47, HRS.

"Government assistance program" means any housing program qualified by the corporation and administered or operated by the State, the corporation, the United States, or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, corporate or otherwise, which may be used to effectuate housing development for qualified persons in the State. Government assistance program includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (1) Any program specified, allowed, or eligible for assistance under chapter 201H, HRS;
- (2) Any program specified, allowed, or eligible for assistance under laws, rules, or regulations of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and the United States Department of Agriculture; or
- (3) Any program regulated by either the corporation, counties, or the United States or any of their political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, corporate or otherwise.

"Gross [family] household income" means the total amount of income of the household members, from all sources before deductions.

"Guaranteed loan" means a loan that is guaranteed or as to which a commitment to guarantee has been made under the provisions of a federal or state law.

["Homeless person" means an individual who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence; and an individual who has a primary nighttime residence that is a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide temporary living accommodations, an institution that provides a temporary residence for individuals intended to be institutionalized, or a public or private place not designated for, or ordinarily used as, a regular accommodation for human beings. Homeless persons may include, but are not limited to, elders, substance abusers, the mentally ill, abused persons, youth runaways, single and two parent families, and others with special needs.]

"Homeless" means those who meet one or more of the four categories of homelessness established by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, as follows:

- (1) Individuals and families who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence and includes a subset for an individual who is exiting an institution where he or she resided for ninety days or less and who resided in an emergency shelter or a place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution;
- (2) Individuals and families who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence;
- Unaccompanied youth and families with children and youth who are defined as homeless under other federal statutes; or
- Individuals and families who are fleeing, or are attempting to flee, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other dangerous or life-threatening conditions that relate to violence against the individual or a family member.

"Household" means[÷

- (1) Two] an individual; or two or more persons who live or intend to live together as a unit and whose income and resources are available to meet the household's need and who may, but need not be, related by blood, marriage, or operation of law, including foster children and hanai children and whose head of household has reached the age of majority, or is otherwise legally emancipated[÷].
- [(2) A person who is pregnant or in the process of securing legal custody of a minor child or children, and who has reached the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated.]

"Household member" means a person who is a coapplicant or will reside in the dwelling unit.

"Household size" means the total number of household members residing, or that will be legally residing, in a dwelling unit. For purposes of calculating household size, a person who is pregnant shall count as two household members.

"HRS" means the Hawaii Revised Statutes.

"Improvement" means an addition, renovation, or replacement to the dwelling unit which enhances the value of the property, and for which labor and capital are expended. Improvements do not include repairs or maintenance of the property.

"Insured loan" means a loan that is insured or as to which a commitment for any such insurance has been made under the provisions of any state or federal law.

"Lower cost housing", in the context of identifying the persons or families intended to be served by such housing, primarily includes housing for persons or families whose incomes are identified as one hundred forty per cent or less of the area median income for each of the counties of Hawaii, Maui, Honolulu, and Kauai as determined by the United States department of housing and urban development from time to time, and as adjusted by family size. For the purpose of these rules, such persons or families include persons or families within the following income groups:

- (1) "Very low income" -- those earning fifty per
 cent of the area median income and below;
- (2) "Low income" -- those earning above fifty
 per cent up to eighty per cent of the area
 median income;
- (3) "Low-moderate income" -- those earning above eighty per cent up to one hundred twenty per cent of the area median income; or
- (4) "Moderate income" those earning above one hundred twenty per cent up to one hundred forty per cent of the area median income.

"Mixed-use developments" means a development that contains affordable residential dwelling units that may be combined with governmental, educational, commercial, cultural, institutional, or industrial uses; is approved by the county in which the project is located; and is subject to:

- (1) Chapter 104, HRS;
- (2) <u>Title 40 United States Code sections 3141, 3142, 3143, 3144, 3146, and 3147; or </u>
- (3) A project labor agreement by law or contract in the construction of the project.

"Mixed-use transit-oriented developments" means a mixed-use development within county-designated transit-oriented development zones or within a one-half-mile radius of public transit stations, if a county has not designated transit-oriented development zones.

"Monthly installment loan" means a loan repayable in equal or substantially equal monthly payments of principal and interest sufficient to amortize the principal amount of the loan in full within the term of the loan.

"Mortgage payment" means the owner's payment on any mortgage which is necessary for financing the purchase of an owner's dwelling unit. It may also include payments for lease rent, real property taxes, mortgage insurance, association fees, and any other expenses directly related to financing the purchase of the owner's real property or to maintaining an ownership interest in the real property.

"Mortgagee" means any bank or other institution authorized by federal or state law to make loans on dwelling units or the authorized assignee of such bank or institution.

"Owner" means the owner of a dwelling unit.

"Qualified resident" means the same as defined under section 201H-32, HRS.

"Person with a disability" means a person having a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; a record of such an impairment; or is regarded as having such an impairment (as defined by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990).

"Plans and specifications" includes construction plans and specifications and any other documents that may be required by the county in the processing of the plans and specifications for the issuance of permits for construction and building of improvements within a project.

"Project" or "housing project" means a plan, design, or undertaking by the corporation or an eligible developer for the development of dwelling units, and includes all real and personal property, buildings and improvements, commercial space, lands for farming and gardening, community facilities acquired or constructed or to be acquired or constructed, and all tangible or intangible assets held or used in connection with the housing project, assisted project, or sponsored project.

"Qualified appraiser" means a real estate appraiser licensed or certified to practice in the State of Hawaii subject to the requirements of section 466K-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

"Regional infrastructure improvement" means improvements that would increase the capacity of the infrastructure facilities, including regional sewer systems, water systems, drainage systems, roads, and telecommunications and broadband, if the project improvement increases the capacity to accommodate future growth, and not solely benefit one particular project.

"Rules" means these rules.

"Special needs housing" means housing for persons for whom social problems, age, or physical or mental handicaps impair their ability to live independently and for whom such ability can be improved by more suitable housing conditions.

"Sponsored project" means a project which is initiated by the corporation, and is usually located on lands owned by the corporation. The corporation may or may not act as the developer of a project which it sponsors.

"Starter home" means a dwelling unit that is designed to meet the basic living capacity requirements of homebuyers with families of limited size by eliminating needless design and space amenities, but which nonetheless enables future expansion, modification, and improvement by the owner to accommodate increased occupancy over time as may be necessary.

"State" means the State of Hawaii.

"Subaccount" means an accounting set-aside within the dwelling unit revolving fund established pursuant to section 201H-191, HRS, for a specific county for the purpose of administering funding sources for regional infrastructure improvements by or for the benefit of that county.

"Subdivision and construction documents" includes all subdivision documents and plans and specifications.

"Subdivision documents" includes preliminary maps, final maps, subdivision construction plans and specifications, and any other document that may be required by the State or county in the processing of applications and permits relating to the development of the project.

"Subsidies" means the difference between all costs expended by the corporation, less any recoveries by the corporation. It also includes unrecovered development, land, financing and carrying costs.

"Substantial construction defect" means a defect or deficiency in a dwelling unit which affects its structural integrity, habitability, or appearance and which is not caused by the act or omission of the owner or a person hired, retained, or engaged by the owner. This includes, but is not necessarily limited to, structural defects such as shifting foundations and bearing walls, structural deficiencies due to the use of defective or undersized materials, defects affecting the health and safety of occupants, and shifting, sliding, or sinking ground of such degree as to affect the dwelling unit on the land or the health and safety of the occupants of the land.

"Sustainable affordable leases" means the same as defined in section 516-1, HRS.

§15-307-3 References to other chapters. To the extent appropriate for the implementation of chapter 201H, HRS, references in documents, forms, and similar instruments of the corporation to chapters 201E, 201G, 356, 359, and 359G, HRS, shall be treated as references to chapter 201H, HRS. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-4)

- §15-307-4 Development by corporation. (a) The corporation may develop land or housing projects in accordance with the provisions of chapter 201H, HRS:
 - (1) On its own behalf;
 - (2) On behalf of, or in partnership with any government agency, or any landowner, or developer; or
 - (3) With an eligible developer or contractor.
- (b) The corporation may develop housing projects for employees, teachers or other government workers, and university and college students and faculty, nonprofit organizations, and government agencies for special needs housing projects primarily designed to meet the needs of elderly, persons with disabilities, displaced or homeless persons and their families, and other groups with special needs. The corporation may establish preferences and other necessary requirements and conditions for such housing projects on a project-by-project basis.
- (c) The corporation shall offer not less than ten per cent of the total number of finished houselots in a single family project of fifty or more units to owner-builders or nonprofit organizations assisting owner-builders in the construction of units thereon. This requirement does not apply to assisted projects which are not initiated by the corporation.
- (d) The corporation may incorporate starter homes into any lower cost housing project developed by the corporation. The corporation shall determine the number of starter home units to be included in each particular project on a project-by-project basis.

- (1) Building, setback, minimum lot size, infrastructure, and architectural standards for the construction and development of starter homes shall be in substantial compliance with the design and construction requirements of the county in which the lower cost housing project is located. Deviations, if any, from such requirements shall be clearly indicated and shall be made part of the subdivision and construction documents.

- §15-307-6 Advisory committee; public meeting or informational hearing. (a) The corporation may appoint an advisory committee for each of the counties. A committee for a county shall be composed of residents of that county and in the number prescribed by the corporation. Each committee shall serve in an advisory capacity to the corporation and at the pleasure of the corporation. Each member shall serve a term of two years and may be reappointed to not more than four such terms. A committee for a county shall receive, study, and advise upon community reaction upon request by the corporation for a project proposed to be developed under chapter 201H, HRS, in the county.
- (b) The corporation may also hold or cause to be held informational hearings on any project proposed to be developed by the corporation as it deems necessary to receive and study community reaction to the proposed project. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §8201H-4, 201H-6)

SUBCHAPTER 2

DEVELOPMENT OF HOUSING PROJECTS

- §15-307-22 Development by corporation. The corporation may develop land or housing projects in accordance with the provisions set forth in chapter 201H, HRS:
 - (1) On its own behalf; [or]
 - (2) With an eligible developer or contractor[.]; or
 - (3) With a State or county agency.

 [Eff 12/04/10; am and comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-33) (Imp: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-33, 201H-40, Act 131, SLH 2016)

§15-307-23 Project proposal; who may submit.

(a) Any individual, partnership, profit or nonprofit corporation, or public agency, upon having filed application with the corporation as required by section 15-307-24, may submit project proposals for review and certification by the corporation.

(b) A project proposal may be submitted to the corporation together with the application required under section 15-307-24. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-33) (Imp: HRS §§201H-33, 201H-38, 201H-40, 201H-41, 201H-42)

§15-307-24 Eligible developer, information required; determination by corporation. (a) An individual, partnership, limited liability company, cooperative, including a limited equity housing cooperative as defined in chapter 421H, HRS, firm, a profit or a nonprofit corporation, or a public agency that desires to be considered to develop a project either together with the corporation, or independent of the corporation, and who, in connection with the development of a project will need assistance such as acquisition of land or development rights to land, financing, subsidies, exemptions from general excise taxes, or expedited processing of a project under the provisions of chapter 201H, HRS, and the rules promulgated thereunder, shall submit to the corporation a developer's application, on forms provided by the corporation, along with any additional information that the corporation determines to be applicable. Information requested may include, but is not necessarily limited to:

- (1) Name, address, email address, and telephone number of the applicant and each member of the project team, and evidence of the applicant's status as a corporation, partnership, joint venture or other business organization;
- (2) A summary of the role and responsibilities of each team member as it pertains to the project;

- If the applicant is a corporation, certified (3) copies of the articles of incorporation, and the names, addresses, email addresses, and telephone numbers of each of the officers and directors of the corporation, and of any shareholder of the corporation holding more than twenty-five per cent of the outstanding shares issued by the corporation. If the applicant is a partnership, joint venturer, or sole proprietorship, certified copies of the partnership, joint venture agreement or proprietorship, as applicable, and the names, addresses, email addresses, and telephone numbers of each of the individual partners, joint venturers, or owners;
- (4) A resume of the applicant's experience in the development of housing projects including a list and a brief description of the projects in which the applicant participated;
- (5) The name, title, address, email address, and telephone number of the person to whom communications should be addressed;
- (6) Evidence of the applicant's legal authority to incur obligations and to sign and deliver such documents as may be necessary to finance, develop, and construct the project;
- (7) A current certificate of good standing from the department of commerce and consumer affairs, tax clearance from the department of taxation, and certification of compliance with department of labor and industrial relations requirements;
- (8) Evidence of the applicant's capability to develop, own, manage, and provide appropriate services in connection with housing;

- (9) Evidence of the applicant's credit worthiness including the following financial information, which shall be kept confidential to the extent permitted by law:
 - (A) The most recent year's financial statements. If the statements are unaudited, tax returns shall be provided. In the event the applicant is an entity not yet formed, federal and state tax returns and financial statements for the previous year of the applicant entity, or additional information the corporation may require;
 - (B) Interim balance sheets and income statements of the applicant and principal developer if the fiscal yearend data is over nine months old;
 - (C) Tax returns if the applicant or guarantor is an individual;
 - (D) Articles of incorporation, bylaws, resolutions, and certificates of good standing as are appropriate to support corporate actions; and
 - (E) Any other financial data deemed appropriate by the corporation for proper credit-worthiness analysis;
- (10) The applicant's ties to the community and support from local community groups;
- (11) Description of all housing projects or facilities owned or operated by the applicant;
- (12) A description of any financial default, modification of terms and conditions of financing, or legal action taken or pending against the applicant or its principals;

- (13) A description of the applicant's past or current business experience or involvement in any programs or of its provision of services, other than housing, if any, that would give evidence of the applicant's management capabilities;
- (14) Evidence of ability to secure the necessary performance or payment bond or other evidence of surety and the ability to perform the work required to be performed in the housing project proposed;
- (15) A statement of the applicant's past or current involvement with the corporation or its predecessors, and the assistance, if any, received from those entities;
- (16) A project proposal in substantial compliance with section 15-307-26, which the applicant intends to submit to the corporation for approval; and
- (17) Any other information that the corporation deems necessary to determine the qualification of the applicant.
- (b) The board may certify that the applicant is an eligible developer for the purposes of development of housing projects approved by the corporation under chapter 201H, HRS, if the board finds that the applicant:
 - (1) Has demonstrated compliance with all laws, ordinances, rules, and other governmental requirements that the applicant is required to meet;
 - (2) Has the necessary experience;
 - Has adequate and sufficient financial resources and support and has secured or has demonstrated the ability to secure a performance or payment bond, or other surety to develop housing projects of the size and type which the applicant proposes to develop; and

§15-307-26 Project proposal; minimum

requirements. (a) A project proposal, whether submitted by an applicant or eligible developer, or initiated by the corporation for development by the corporation, in order to be considered for approval by the board for processing under the provisions of chapter 201H, HRS, shall contain, as the corporation may determine to be applicable, the following minimum information:

(1) Name and address of the eligible developer;

- (2) Evidence that the eligible developer has met the requirements of chapter 201H, HRS, applicable to eligible developers, and the requirements of section 15-307-24 of these rules;
- (3) A master plan of the proposed project, which shall show all or as much of the following information as may be required by the corporation:
 - (A) Evidence of site control (such as a deed, agreement of sale, commitment letter, or development agreement), and names and addresses of all legal and equitable holders of an interest in the land and a complete description of each holder's interest in the land;
 - (B) An accurate description of the land, preferably the metes and bounds, boundary description of the property, file plan, or preliminary plat, its geographic and relative location within a larger tract of land, with descriptions of adjacent or surrounding subdivisions or other improvements on land;
 - (C) Approximate number of dwelling units, within the proposed project, including the approximate number of dwelling units for very low, low, low-moderate, and moderate-income households.

 Pursuant to section 15-307-52 of these rules, unless the project is otherwise subject to the requirements of a government assistance program approved by the corporation, more than 50 per cent of total dwelling units shall be for very low, low, low-moderate, and moderate-income households;
 - (D) The total area of the proposed project;

- (E) Site plan showing the general development of the site, including the locations and descriptions of proposed and existing buildings, parking areas, and service areas; unusual site features; proposed and existing major streets in and adjacent to the proposed project; and proposed and existing major drainage facilities;
- (F) Methods of sewage and solid waste
 disposal and sources of water and other
 utilities;
- (G) Description of land contours;
- (H) Location and description of existing historical or significant landmarks or their natural features within and adjacent to the proposed project;
- (I) Description of existing improvements within and adjacent to the proposed project, as well as off-site and onsite infrastructure and improvements requirements;
- (J) Proposed and existing uses of each phase of the proposed project, and existing uses of lots adjacent to the proposed project for parks and other public places or spaces within adjoining properties; and
- (K) Shoreline setbacks as may be required by chapter 205A, HRS.
- (4) Preliminary plans and specifications of typical housing units and other improvements in the project, including the number of proposed housing units, the number and types of structures, the number of stories, the number of units by size (number of bedrooms and bathrooms), any special features or amenities, natural resource conservation devices and energy efficient designs to be

utilized, a description of the types of indigenous land plant species which shall be used for the landscaping of the housing project, if applicable, and the projected sales prices or rental rates for the units;

- (5) Proposed financing of the project, including:
 - (A) The manner in which the project will be financed during the development and construction of the project and upon completion of the project;
 - (B) The sources of repayment of such financing;
 - (C) Estimated start-up expenses and the sources of funds to meet these expenses;
 - (D) The net equity, if any, which the developer intends to contribute to the proposed project; and
 - (E) Budgets and cashflow requirements;
- (6) Development timetable, market analysis, sales marketing program, and other activities relating to a successful development of the project to completion;
- (7) Description of the manner in which the proposed project addresses the housing needs of lower income families;
- (8) Description of the land for the proposed project as to present use, soil classification, agricultural importance as determined by the land evaluation and site assessment commission, flood, and drainage conditions;
- (9) An assessment of the effects of the development of the proposed project upon the environment, agriculture, recreational, cultural, historic, scenic, flora and fauna, or other resources of the area;

- (10) Availability of public services and facilities such as schools, sewers, parks, water, sanitation, drainage, roads, police and fire protection, the adequacy thereof, and whether public agencies providing the services or facilities would be unreasonably burdened by the development of the proposed project;
- (11) Specific requests to the corporation for participation by the corporation for financial or other assistance, description of the state subsidies required and applied for, and financial and other assistance provided for by other governmental agencies;
- (12) A summary of comments from the community or community groups;
- (13) If the proposal for the development will cause displacement, the proposal shall include a program of housing accommodation for displaced persons;
- (14) Applicable provisions of existing state and county general plans, development plans, community development plans, and other comparable plans developed or adopted by the state or county government in which the proposed project is situated, county zoning of the area and other applicable land use requirements, and if known, any substantial difference in the proposed project from the respective county general plan or development, or community development plan, or other county plans and zoning and other land use requirements, and the reasons for varying from the respective county requirements;

- (15) Specific requests for exemption from existing laws, charter provisions, ordinances and rules relating to the proposed project, including requests for exemption from subdivision standards and building codes, density, height, set back, parking, street width, open space, park dedication, and other specific land use requirements;
- (16) Any other information that the corporation finds necessary to make an environmental assessment and to determine whether or not the proposed project complies as closely as possible with existing laws, charter provisions, ordinances, and rules, and is suitable under and meets the intent and purposes of chapter 201H, HRS.

 [Eff 12/04/10; am and comp]
 (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-33) (Imp: HRS §§103-24.6, 201H-33, Act 131, SLH 2016)

§15-307-27 Review of application and project; criteria for selection of proposals. The administrator shall review the application and project proposals to determine if the applicant qualifies by experience and financial responsibility and support to develop housing projects of the size and type proposed to be developed, and to determine if the proposed project meets certain minimum requirements, as follows:

The proposed project:

- (1) Is reasonably necessary and suitable for the development of lower cost housing units in the State, at the proposed location;
- (2) Is primarily designed for lower cost
 housing;

- (3) Follows existing laws, charter provisions, ordinances, and rules as closely as is consistent with the production of lower cost housing in the State;
- (4) Meets minimum standards of good planning, zoning, design, pleasant amenities, and a coordinated development;
- (5) Is consistent with the housing objectives and policies of the Hawaii state plan;
- (6) Does not adversely affect surrounding property;
- (7) Does not unduly burden existing water systems, sewage and other waste disposal systems, transportation systems, roadway, drainage, street lighting, open spaces, parks, and other recreational areas, public utilities, and public services, or includes, as part of the proposed project, the development of such systems, facilities, and services at reasonable cost;
- (8) Utilizes natural resources as well as energy-conserving devices to the extent reasonable and practicable;
- (9) Utilizes indigenous species of plants whenever and wherever feasible in the landscaping of the housing project; and
- (10) Meets other minimum requirements established by the corporation and adopted as rules of the corporation pursuant to chapters 91 and 201H, HRS. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4,

201H-40) (Imp: HRS §103-24.6)

§15-307-28 Processing of proposal. (a) The administrator shall, upon receipt of an application or project proposal or both, time stamp the same as received and review the application for completeness and compliance with applicable rules under this

subchapter. An incomplete application shall be returned to the applicant. The administrator shall, upon certifying that the application or project proposal is complete and is in compliance with sections 15-307-23, 15-307-24, and 15-307-26 of this subchapter, inform both the applicant and the board that a recommendation of approval or disapproval should be made within ninety days. The administrator shall invite comments from appropriate agencies in the review of the proposal for appropriateness, technical compliance, and feasibility.

§15-307-29 Agreement with eligible developer or contractor; form of agreement. (a) The administrator, upon approval by the board, may enter into an agreement with an eligible developer or contractor, to develop a housing project; provided that the plans and specifications of the housing project provide for the rental of units to eligible tenants or the sale of units in fee simple or in leasehold either to the corporation or to the purchaser. In the case of for-sale projects, the sale of the units shall be subject to all of the provisions in sections 201H-47, 201H-49, and 201H-50, HRS, including the shared appreciation equity program, except for units which are to be sold at market prices.

- (b) The agreement shall be subject to modification, and shall include, but not be limited to the following applicable terms, conditions, and covenants:
 - (1) Purpose of the agreement, which shall include the development of lower cost housing;
 - (2) A description of the role and responsibility of the corporation, the eligible developer or contractor, and other parties to the agreement, including the manner of compensating each party and the amount of profit for work performed;
 - (3) Project concept and cost;
 - (4) Time required to complete the project;
 - (5) Delivery of dwelling units;
 - (6) Sales prices or rents of dwelling units;
 - (7) Construction agreements (when one of the parties is a contractor);
 - (8) Insurance and bonding or surety
 requirements;
 - (9) Inspection requirements and procedures;
 - (10) Manner in which progress payments will be made; and
 - (11) Such standard clauses that the corporation determines to be required, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (A) Indemnity;
 - (B) Severability;
 - (C) Termination; and
 - (D) Assignability.

[Eff 12/04/16; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-33) (Imp: HRS §§201H-33, 201H-38)

§15-307-30 State land use district boundary amendments. Upon receipt of any project proposal from an eligible developer that requires a state land use district boundary amendment by the state land use commission, the corporation may, concurrently with its review of the application and the project proposal, petition the state land use commission for a state land use district boundary amendment as provided in chapter 205, HRS. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-38)

\$15-307-31 Other uses within housing project development. (a) The corporation [may, as an integral part of development of a housing project under chapter 201H, HRS, may designate portions of the land for commercial, industrial, and other [uses; provided that the development is primarily for the benefit of dwelling units and that such commercial, industrial, and other uses are reasonably necessary as an integral part of the development and can help to preserve the lifestyles of purchasers of residences in the development.] uses. In the designation of such commercial, industrial, and other uses, the corporation shall consider the extent to which the proposed uses and the development thereof:

- (1) Conform to the objectives and policies of the Hawaii state plan;
- (2) Provide employment opportunities for the community;
- (3) Provide necessary and convenient amenities to the residents within the development;
- (4) Impact upon the suitability of the dwelling units within the development in the proximity of the proposed uses; and
- (5) Affect the economic feasibility of the development.
- [(b) With respect to development of a housing project under section 201H-44, HRS, only:

- [(1) Preference of sales, leases, or rental of
 commercial, industrial or other facilities
 shall be given to persons who owned similar
 facilities in the project site and were
 displaced by the corporation.
- (2) The sale and leases of facilities shall be made at a cost as determined by the corporation to the above mentioned displacees. Sales and leases other than to said displacees shall be based on market values as determined by appraisal.
- (3) The corporation may require that in the event a purchaser wishes to transfer title to a commercial property during the first twenty years after the purchase, the corporation shall have the right of first refusal at a price which shall not exceed the amount of the original cost to the purchaser together with the cost of any improvements or fixtures of a permanent nature added by the purchaser together with simple interest of said costs at the rate of seven per cent per year.]

[Eff 12/04/10; am and comp (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-33, 201H-44) (Imp: HRS §201H-44, Act 131, SLH 2016)

SUBCHAPTER 3

INDEPENDENT DEVELOPMENT OF PROJECTS

§15-307-51 Purpose. The purpose of this subchapter is to establish a procedure for eligible developers to develop housing projects pursuant to agreements with the corporation.

[Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS 201H-4, 201H-33) (Imp: HRS §201H-42)

- §15-307-52 Project primarily designed for lower income housing; determination by corporation. (a) A project shall be primarily designed for lower income housing if the project meets the requirements set forth in section 15-307-26, [and in addition meets the following requirements:
 - (1) The housing project includes dwelling units of different design and sales price levels or rental rates; and
 - (2) The lower cost housing units are to be sold or rented to such persons or families within income group or groups for lower cost housing as defined in section 15-307-2, as the corporation shall determine as the lower income housing group or groups to be served by the project at price ranges or rental rates which are affordable to such income group or groups.] or a government assistance program approved by the corporation.
- (b) An eligible developer may submit a project proposal to the corporation for the corporation to determine if the project is primarily designed for lower income housing, and whether the corporation is willing to enter into an agreement with the eligible developer for the housing project.
- (c) The project proposal to be submitted by the eligible developer shall contain the information required under section 15-307-26.

§15-307-53 Required conditions of agreements.

If the corporation determines that the proposed project is primarily designed for lower income housing, and the corporation desires to enter into an agreement with the eligible developer, the agreement with the eligible developer for the development of housing projects shall include the following conditions:

- (1) That the eligible developer may furnish a performance or material house bond, issued by sureties that shall be satisfactory to the corporation, in favor of the corporation, to assure the timely and complete performance of the housing project;
- (2) That the plans and specifications of the housing project provide for the rental of units to eligible tenants or the sale of units in fee simple or in leasehold either to the corporation or to the purchaser. In the case of for-sale projects, the sale of the units shall be subject to all of the provisions in sections 201H-47, 201H-49, and 201H-50, HRS, including the shared appreciation equity program, except for

- units which are to be sold at market prices; and

§15-307-55 Processing of proposal; agreement with eligible developer. Processing of proposals and agreements with eligible developers shall be in accordance with sections 15-307-27 and 15-307-28.

[Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §\$201H-4, 201H-33) (Imp: HRS §201H-42)

SUBCHAPTER 4

THE SALE OF AFFORDABLE UNITS

- §15-307-71 Purpose. This subchapter governs the general procedures for the initial sale of dwelling units and vacant house lots developed under this chapter. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-47) (Imp: HRS §§201H-45, 201H-47)
- §15-307-72 Sale of dwelling units. (a) Units completed or substantially completed shall be sold under the provisions of sections 201H-45 through 50, HRS, including repurchase restrictions and the shared appreciation equity program restrictions as set forth in subchapters $\frac{7 \text{ and}}{\text{(b)}}$ 8 [and 9] of this chapter, as applicable. (b) Units shall be sold in accordance with all applicable state and federal fair housing laws.
- (c) Applications may be accepted from an applicant for more than one project sponsored or assisted by the corporation. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: 24 CFR Part 108; 24 CFR Part 200, Subpart M; HRS §§201H-45, 201H-47, 515-3; HRS Chapter 514A)
- §15-307-73 Eligibility for assistance. An applicant shall be eligible to purchase a dwelling unit developed under this chapter if the applicant meets all of the following requirements:
 - (1) Is a qualified resident who is domiciled in the State and meets other qualifications set forth under section 201H-32, HRS.
 - (2) Has not previously received assistance under a homeownership program designed and implemented under this chapter by the

corporation or any of the counties in the State. However, the corporation may on an individual basis, allow a person who previously purchased a dwelling sponsored or assisted by the corporation or any of the counties to reapply, provided that

- (A) The corporation or the county repurchased the dwelling unit; or
- (B) The applicant is still living in the previously restricted unit; and there has been a significant change in one of the following:
 - (i) Household size;
 - (ii) Place of employment; or
 - (iii) Income.

An applicant may become eligible again if the sale of such person's first dwelling was caused by extreme hardship such as family death, divorce, loss of employment, or a disability, and the dwelling was repurchased by the corporation or the county. Provided further that in the case of divorce, where one spouse retains ownership of the dwelling unit, the other spouse may become eliqible one year after the final divorce decree to reapply for a dwelling unit sponsored or assisted by the corporation or the county. An applicant may become eligible again if the applicant is still living in the previously restricted unit, applies for a new affordable unit, and sells the currently owned dwelling unit to a qualified resident meeting corporation income requirements at a restricted price approved by the corporation. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: §§201H-4, 201H-151, 201H-33) (Imp: HRS §§201H-1, 201H-151, 201H-162)

- §15-307-74 Exception for current owners in corporation sponsored projects. (a) A current owner of a multi-family dwelling unit sponsored by the corporation may apply for the purchase of a larger dwelling unit in a corporation sponsored project if:
 - (1) The applicant's current household size has increased and exceeds the permissible household size for the current unit as determined by prevailing county building or housing codes; or in the absence thereof, the housing code of the city and county of Honolulu; and
 - (2) The applicant has resided in the current dwelling unit for at least one year.
- (b) Household size shall be determined by the number of individuals on title and their dependents.
- (c) The applicant shall sell the applicant's current multi-family dwelling unit to the corporation prior to or upon the closing of the sale of the larger dwelling unit under the provisions of section 201H-47, HRS.
- §15-307-75 Exception for former owners in corporation sponsored projects. A former owner of a lower cost housing unit may apply to purchase another lower cost housing unit under the following conditions:
 - (1) If the former owner is released from title and wishes to apply again, the former owner shall show that no profit was made on the sale of the first affordable unit.

§15-307-76 Occupancy guidelines for sale units.

- (a) The following occupancy guidelines shall be used for the sale of units:
 - $\frac{(1)}{price;}$ To determine the maximum affordable sales
- (2) During the initial application period, to establish a property selection order list.

 [when the number of applicants exceeds the number and types of units available:]

Dwelling Unit	Preferred	[Minimum
Size	Household Size	Household Size
0 Bedroom	1 person	l person
1 Bedroom	2 persons	l person
2 Bedroom	3 persons	2 person
3 Bedroom	4 persons	2 persons
4 Bedroom	5 persons	3 persons l

[After the initial application period, the sale of units shall be offered to applicants on the wait list]

- (b) The maximum household size is [based on permissible household size for the current unit as] determined by prevailing county building or housing codes, or in the absence thereof, the city and county of Honolulu housing code. [Eff 12/04/10; am and comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-33, 201H-41) (Imp: HRS §§201H-111, 201H-33, 201H-38, 201H-41)
- §15-307-77 Counseling. (a) The corporation shall require developers to provide homeownership counseling and training to all qualified applicants. The counseling and training program shall be conducted by a HUD-approved housing counseling agency.
- (b) The purpose of the counseling and training program shall be to help people deal with economic problems, to understand and accept responsibilities inherent in homeownership, to prepare applicants for homeownership tasks, and to develop resources that may assist the homeowner and the community.
- [(c) The counseling and training program shall operate in response to state and applicant needs, and may be provided through a classroom-like group instructional setting. The developer may also make available a "home study" course designed to include all pertinent subjects covered in the group sessions when the administrator determines that an individual home study course is a more suitable alternative because of economic or other reasons.]
- (d) Upon successful completion of the homeownership course, applicants shall receive certificates. The certificate is required to purchase a dwelling unit. A copy of the certificate shall be provided to the corporation prior to closing the sale of the unit.] [Eff 12/04/10; am and comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-16) (Imp: HRS §§201H-8, 201H-16)]

§15-307-78 Preference in dwelling unit sales.

(a) As used in this section:

"Person with a disability" means a mental or physical impairment which:

- (1) Is expected to be of long, continued, and indefinite duration;
- (2) Substantially impedes the ability of a person to live independently; and is of such a nature that such ability could be improved by more suitable housing conditions; and
- (3) Has been certified by an independent consultant confirming the person's eligibility under these rules.
- (b) Unless otherwise provided in these rules, in the sale of dwelling units by the corporation, the corporation, or an eligible developer, may give preference to applicants on the basis of overall need and to applicants who:
 - 1) Are former owners of a dwelling unit repurchased by the corporation due to a construction or soil defect; provided that the former owner has not purchased another dwelling unit or land pursuant to section 15-307-148;
 - (2) Meet the occupancy guidelines set forth in section 15-307-76; provided that for projects with multiple income level groupings, preference shall also be based upon the lowest income group and greater household size;
 - (3) [Have] For single-family detached dwelling unit projects, have dependents, excluding the applicants' spouses, as defined in the applicable regulations of the Internal Revenue Service and as shown on the applicants' or co-applicants' state income tax returns, divorce decrees, or other documents which are to be submitted upon the request of the corporation. If preference

- was given due to birth of a child or pregnancy after the tax return year, verification of new born children shall be made at the time of application, lot selection and purchase;
- (4) Have, as homeowners, been displaced from their homes because of governmental action;
- (5) For income preferences only, income preference shall be based on household size and annual gross household income as established by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. All income for household members eighteen years of age and older who are currently residing with the household and will physically reside in the dwelling unit to be purchased shall be added to the gross household income to determine the income preference. The corporation shall determine the income preference for each project;
- (6) Are currently residing in public housing or have relocated because of income disqualifications from public housing; [or]
- (7) For multi-family projects only, are persons with disabilities or whose household members are persons with disabilities[-]; or
- (8) Have larger household sizes than other applicants; provided that the household size does not exceed the applicable county occupancy standards.
- (c) Not more than twenty per cent of all affordable dwelling units in a specific project, as determined by the corporation, shall be for applicants with a preference as provided in paragraphs (b)(1), (4),(6), and (7) however, the corporation may establish a limit on the number of units for which preference is provided on a project-by-project basis.

(d) Other preferences may be determined by the corporation for a specific project. [Eff 12/04/10; am and comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §§201H-31, 201H-33, 201H-45)

§15-307-79 Information and verification.

- The corporation shall require applicants to provide information relating to household income, household size, financial condition, and status changes prior to the close of the sale.
- (b) The corporation may require applicants and program participants to provide documentation to verify information submitted to the corporation, including but not limited to:
 - (1) Hawaii state income tax return;
 - (2) Federal income tax return;
 - (3) Certification of pregnancy;
 - (4) Verification of length of residency; and
 - (5) Other documents as required by the corporation.
- An applicant found to have willfully (C) submitted false information, made misstatements, or withheld important information shall be deemed to be ineligible, provided that the corporation shall not waive its right to pursue any other recourse provided by law.
- (d) The corporation may establish an expiration date for applications received to purchase a dwelling unit on a project by project basis. [Eff 12/04/10; comp

] (Auth: HRS §201H-

4) (Imp: HRS §201H-33)

SUBCHAPTER 5

PROCEDURES TO IMPLEMENT QUALIFIED RESIDENT
PREFERENCES IN THE INITIAL SALE OF MARKET-PRICED
DWELLING UNITS

§15-307-81 Announcement, publication. For a period of thirty calendar days, the developer shall publish or cause to be published in the classified section of at least one newspaper published daily in the State and having a general circulation in the county in which the project is located at least twice a week, an announcement containing as a minimum a summary of the following information:

- (1) The location of the project;
- (2) A fair and reasonable estimate of:
 - (A) The total number of market-priced units to be included in the project;
 - (B) The price range of the market-priced units;
 - (C) The approximate size of the marketpriced units; and
 - (D) A designation whether the market-priced units are being sold in fee simple or leasehold;
- (3) A statement that one hundred per cent of the market-priced units are being sold in fee simple or leasehold;
- (4) The definition of "qualified resident" as contained in section 201H-32, HRS;
- 5) The name and address of the real estate broker designated by the developer, whom interested individuals may contact to be placed on a reservation list, and to obtain further information on the project; and
- (6) A statement that the market priced units will be available to any qualified resident without regard to race, sex, color,

religion, marital status, familial status, national origin, person with a disability status, age, or HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) infection.

The publication shall also include the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development's equal housing opportunity slogan or logo.

[Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: 24 CFR Part 108; 24 CFR Part 200, Subpart M; HRS §§201H-1, 201H-45, 515-3)

§15-307-82 Designation of residential units.

- §15-307-83 Reservation list, requirements. (a During the initial offering period of thirty calendar days, the developer's designated broker shall compile a "qualified resident" reservation list consisting of the names, addresses, and phone numbers of all individuals stating a desire to purchase a market-priced unit contained in the announced project.
- (b) The list shall be compiled in the order in which applicants have submitted to the agent a duly executed affidavit that the applicant meets the definition of "qualified resident" and intends to become a purchaser of a market-priced unit.
- (c) Any individual who makes any false statement in the affidavit is subject to criminal charges and civil action under the laws of this State.

- §15-307-84 Sale of residential units. (a) The developer shall offer all of the market-priced units to those individuals whose names are on the "qualified resident" reservation list by one of the following means:
 - (1) In the order in which their names appear on the list;
 - (2) By the drawing of lots; or
 - (3) By any other reasonable and fair method as determined by the developer.
- (b) Once the "qualified resident" reservation list is exhausted, the developer has the discretion to sell the remaining units to any purchaser.
- (c) The developer shall also be required to comply with the following:
 - (1) Prior to the sale of any of the units, the developer shall submit to the corporation, for its review and approval, copies of the sales contracts and deeds which reference the qualified resident preference;
 - (2) Prior to the sale of any of the units, the developer shall submit to the corporation a copy of the covenants, conditions, and restrictions, if any, for review and approval;

- (3) The developer shall submit to the corporation a list of all of the purchasers by lot number, name, date of sales contract, date of recordation, tax map key, and property address. On this list, the developer shall designate with an asterisk (*) those purchasers who are qualified residents; and
- (4) The developer shall comply with all applicable state and federal fair housing laws. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: 24 CFR 108; 24 CFR 200, Subpart M; HRS §§201H-1, 201H-45, 515-3; HRS Chapter 514A)

SUBCHAPTER 6

RENTAL OF DWELLING UNITS

- §15-307-91 Rental of dwelling units. (a) The corporation may rent dwelling units developed in accordance with this chapter to applicants who:
 - (1) Do not have an outstanding debt owed to the corporation;
 - (2) Do not have a record or history of conduct or behavior, including past rent payment delinquencies, which may prove detrimental to other tenants or the corporation; and
 - (3) Qualify as residents of the State.
- (b) Units shall be rented in accordance with all applicable state and federal fair housing laws. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: 24 CFR Part 108; 24 CFR Part 200, Subpart M; HRS §§201H-9, 201H-31, 201H-33, 201H-45, 515-3)

§15-307-92 Occupancy guidelines for rental units. (a) The following occupancy guidelines may be used for rental units when the number of applicants exceeds the number and types of units available:

Dwelling Unit	Preferred	[Minimum
Size	Household Size	Household Size
		X
0 Bedroom	1 person	1 person
1 Bedroom	2 persons	1 person
2 Bedroom	3 persons	2 person
3 Bedroom	4 persons	2 persons
4 Bedroom	5 persons	3 persons]

(b) The maximum household size is based on prevailing county housing, zoning, building, health and fire codes, or in the absence thereof, the housing code of the city and county of Honolulu.

[Eff 12/04/10; am and comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-33)

§15-307-93 Preference for the rental of dwelling units. Unless otherwise provided in these rules, preference for admission to the rental program under this section shall be given to qualified applicants who:

- (1) Are "displaced" by governmental action as defined by section 111-2, HRS;
- (2) Qualify as "elders" for projects which are specifically designed for elders;
- (3) Qualify as persons with disabilities;
- (4) Are persons or families who are transitioning from homeless shelters, provided that certification by appropriate service providers or shelter operators shall be required; or

- §15-307-94 Information and verification. (a) The corporation may require applicants and program participants to provide information relating to their household's income, composition, financial condition, and status changes, prior to admission to the program and at any other time as determined by the corporation.
- (b) The corporation may require applicants and program participants to provide documentation to verify information submitted to the corporation, including but not limited to:
 - (1) Verification of deposit;
 - (2) Verification of employment; and
 - (3) Credit bureau report or references.
- (c) An applicant or program participant found to have willfully submitted false information, made misstatements, or withheld important information shall be disqualified from participation in the rental program, and the corporation reserves the right to pursue any other recourse provided by law.
- (d) The corporation may establish an expiration date for applications received to rent a dwelling unit on a project by project basis. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-33)

- §15-307-96 Rental agreement. (a) A revocable permit as provided by the corporation shall constitute the rental agreement for units under this rental program and shall set forth the names of the authorized occupants, monthly rent amount, conditions of occupancy, and obligations of the parties.
- (b) The revocable permit shall be executed by the responsible members of the tenant household and the administrator.
- (c) Amendments to the revocable permit shall be in writing and executed by the parties involved and attached to the revocable permit. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-33)
- §15-307-97 Program administration. Except as otherwise provided by law or rule, the rental program for dwelling units developed under this chapter shall be administered in accordance with chapter 521, HRS, the residential landlord-tenant code.

[Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-

4) (Imp: HRS §201H-33)

SUBCHAPTER 7

REPURCHASE OF DWELLING UNITS SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS

- §15-307-101 Purpose. This subchapter governs the general procedures for the repurchase by the corporation of a dwelling unit subject to the restrictions set forth in section 201H-47(a)(1), HRS. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-47)
- §15-307-102 Applicability. This subchapter applies to all dwelling units purchased from the corporation for which the restrictions set forth in sections 201H-47, including the shared appreciation equity program restrictions, 201H-49, and 201H-51, HRS, remain in effect. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-47)
- §15-307-103 Repurchase when owner seeks to transfer title. (a) If an owner seeks to transfer the title to a dwelling unit to which this subchapter applies, the corporation shall have the first option to purchase the dwelling unit.
- (b) The repurchase price shall be determined by the corporation pursuant to the guidelines set forth in section [15-307-107.] 15-307-105.
- (c) The corporation may repurchase the dwelling unit either by:
 - (1) Conveyance free and clear of all liens and mortgages or by
 - (2) Conveyance subject to existing mortgages and liens.

- (d) If the real property is conveyed in the manner provided in paragraph (c)(1), it shall be conveyed to the corporation only after all mortgages and liens are released.
- (e) If the real property is conveyed in the manner provided in paragraph (c)(2), the corporation shall assume the seller's obligation on any first mortgage created for the purpose of securing the payment of a loan of funds expended solely for the purchase of the real property by the seller; and any mortgage or lien created for any other purpose provided that the corporation has previously consented to it in writing. The corporation's interest created by the provisions of this subsection shall constitute a lien on the real property and shall be superior to any other mortgage or lien except for:
 - (1) Any first mortgage created for the purpose of securing the payment of a loan of funds expended solely for the purchase of the real property by the seller;
 - (2) Any mortgage insured or held by a federal housing agency; and
 - (3) Any mortgage or lien created for any other purpose provided that the corporation has previously consented to it in writing. The amount paid by the corporation to the seller shall be the difference, if any, between the purchase price determined in section [15-307-107] 15-307-105 and the total of the outstanding principal balances of the mortgages and liens assumed by the corporation.
- (f) If the shared appreciation equity program amount was paid, and the corporation repurchases the property pursuant to the guidelines set forth in section [15-307-107,] 15-307-105, the amount paid for the shared appreciation equity program shall be reimbursed to the owner. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-47)

§15-307-104 Providing consent to additional financing. (a) Within the statutorily required time period from the date of purchase, the corporation shall consent to additional financing or refinancing of the original mortgage and subordinate the restriction provided in section 201H-47, HRS as follows:

- (1) When the total loan amount does not exceed the purchase price of the property as determined by the provisions of section [15-307-107;] 15-307-105; or
- (2) When the total loan amount exceeds the purchase price of the property and the loan is used for:
 - (A) Capital improvements;
 - (B) Payment of subsidy, deferred land value or deferred sales price;
 - (C) Payment of the corporation's share of appreciation under the Shared Appreciation Equity Program; or
 - (D) Purchase of leased fee interest for the leasehold property owned.
 [Eff 12/04/10; comp]
 (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-47)

§15-307-105 Determination of repurchase price for purchases subject to restrictions [in effect on or after April 29, 1991]. (a) [For purchases subject to restrictions in effect on or after April 29, 1991, if] If the corporation repurchases a dwelling unit pursuant to section 201H-47(a)(1), HRS, the repurchase price shall be determined as follows:

(1) The price at which the dwelling unit was originally purchased plus interest credit subsidies, if any, to be recaptured for federally subsidized mortgages; provided

that when land only is purchased and the purchaser provides his or her labor to construct the dwelling unit, the fair market value of the dwelling provided by appraisal for the purposes of qualifying for the first mortgage or by appraisal obtained by the corporation plus the original purchase price of the land shall be used to determine the original purchase price;

- (2) The cost of improvements to the dwelling unit added by the owner after the original purchase; and
- (3) Simple interest at the rate of one per cent per year on the purchaser's original cost and capital improvements.
- (b) Any dwelling unit repurchased by the corporation under this subchapter shall be in resalable condition; or, in the alternative, the estimated expense required to restore the dwelling unit to resalable condition shall constitute a reduction of the repurchase price to be paid by the corporation, provided, however, that no reduction shall be made for the estimated expense to repair a substantial soil or construction defect as defined in section 201H-51, HRS.

§15-307-106 Waiver by corporation of right to repurchase. (a) The corporation may waive the right to repurchase set forth in section 201H-47, HRS, if:

(1) The owner wishes to transfer title to the dwelling unit by devise or through the laws

- of descent to the owner's spouse, child, parent, or sibling and the devisee or heir is otherwise eligible to purchase such a dwelling unit under this chapter; or
- (2) The purchaser wishes to transfer title to the dwelling unit to the co-owner or a household member who meets the eligibility requirements; or
- (3) One of the following conditions exist:
 - (A) The waiver will not result in the owner being able to sell the dwelling unit for a substantial profit nor promote speculative purchasing or selling of dwelling units to which this subchapter applies and the dwelling unit is sold to a person who is a qualified resident and the owner pays the corporation its percentage share of the net appreciation, if applicable; or
 - (B) Fiscal considerations will not allow repurchase of the dwelling unit.

- §15-307-107 Release by the corporation of right to purchase. (a) The corporation may release the right to purchase as set forth in section 201H-47, HRS, if the property is financed under a federally subsidized mortgage program and when fiscal considerations will not allow the repurchase of the dwelling unit.

§15-307-108 Procedures regarding repurchase by corporation and waiver of right of repurchase. (a) If an owner seeks to transfer a dwelling unit, the owner shall deliver to the corporation by mail, postage prepaid, or in person a certificate of intent to sell, and a capital improvement computation form as used by the corporation. If the owner seeks a waiver of the corporation's right to repurchase the dwelling unit under section 201H-47(a)(1), HRS, then the owner shall also deliver to the corporation or by mail, postage prepaid, or in person a request for waiver of right of repurchase.

- (b) The corporation shall review the certificate of intent to sell, the request for waiver of right of repurchase, or both. The corporation may request any additional information necessary for the review and the owner shall comply with the request. The corporation shall, within sixty days, notify the owner in writing of its decision to either waive the right to repurchase or to repurchase the unit. If the corporation determines that it will repurchase the dwelling unit, the repurchase shall close within ninety days of notification. This time limit, however, may be extended if the homeowner fails to comply with all of the conditions relating to the repurchase procedures.
- (c) If the corporation determines that it will repurchase the dwelling unit, it shall provide a repurchase disclosure sheet to the owner and enter into a repurchase agreement with the owner. All rights and remedies of the corporation in regard to its option to repurchase the dwelling unit shall be preserved notwithstanding the failure of the owner to execute a repurchase agreement.
- (d) If the corporation determines that it will waive its rights under section 201H-47(a)(1), HRS, then it shall issue to the owner a waiver of right of repurchase. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-47)
- §15-307-109 Resale or rental of repurchased dwelling unit. (a) Following the repurchase of a dwelling unit pursuant to this subchapter, the corporation may in its discretion either resell or rent or lease the dwelling unit.
- (b) If the corporation resells a repurchased dwelling unit, the sales price shall be determined by the corporation; provided, however, that the sales price shall not exceed the greater of:

- (1) The value of the dwelling unit reduced by a reasonable discount representing the decrease in value resulting from the restrictions set forth in sections 201H-47 and 201H-49, HRS, and the shared appreciation program; or
- (2) The price at which the dwelling unit was repurchased by the corporation plus administrative expenses and the sale shall be conditioned on imposition of the restrictions set forth in sections 201H-47 and 201H-49, HRS, and the shared appreciation program.
- (c) Resale policies to be followed by the corporation or its designated representative are as follows:
 - (1) Resales by the corporation shall be priced to be affordable to meet the incomes of target groups.
 - (2) A statutorily required time period transfer and use restriction shall be imposed on each resale.
 - (3) The shared appreciation equity program shall be part of the resale program.
 - (4) When the number of applicants exceeds the number and type of units available, section 15-307-76 shall apply. After the initial period, the sale of units shall be offered to applicants on the wait list. The applicant shall also meet the income requirements as determined by the corporation.
 - (d) If the corporation rents the new project dwelling unit or repurchased dwelling unit, it shall rent the dwelling unit under such terms and conditions as it deems appropriate.

[Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS

§201H-4) (Imp: HRS §§201H-47, 201H-49)

§15-307-110 Repurchase under foreclosure of properties subject to restrictions. The corporation may repurchase a property that is the subject of a mortgage foreclosure or foreclosure under power of sale when the property is encumbered with the right-to-repurchase restrictions set forth in sections 201H-47, 201H-49, and 201H-51, HRS, and the shared appreciation equity program.

- (1) For property encumbered by the restrictions set forth in sections 201H-47, 201H-49, and 201H-51, HRS:

 - (B) The corporation may waive its option to purchase the property and shall be entitled to the proceeds remaining in excess of the customary and actual costs and expenses of the foreclosure sale, encumbrances of record, purchaser's costs of improvements and simple annual interest of one per cent on purchaser's original cost and capital improvements.
- (2) For property encumbered by the shared appreciation equity program restriction only:
 - (A) The property may be repurchased when the price, determined by adding the corporation's share of net appreciation amount plus the superior encumbrances of record, will enable the corporation to resell the property.
 - (B) The corporation shall be entitled to its share of net appreciation when the

- property is transferred as the result of the foreclosure sale.
- (C) If the corporation's share is not paid when due, interest on the corporation's amount will accrue interest at the simple annual rate of twelve per cent until paid.

The corporation shall pursue foreclosure or legal action. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-107, 201H-47, 201H-49, 201H-51)

SUBCHAPTER 8

SHARED APPRECIATION EQUITY PROGRAM RESTRICTIONS

§15-307-123 **Definitions.** For purposes of this subchapter, the following definitions apply:

"Fair market value" means the unencumbered fair market value of a property that has no State or county restrictions attached thereto, as determined by a real estate appraiser licensed or certified to practice in the State of Hawaii subject to the requirements of section 466K-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

"Sponsored" includes, but is not limited to, the provision of a loan and exemptions pursuant to section 201H-38, HRS. [Eff 12/04/10; comp]
(Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-47)

§15-307-124 Corporation's percentage share of net appreciation. (a) As the corporation is providing the opportunity for the purchaser to buy a home below fair market value, the purchaser shall pay the corporation its share of the net appreciation when the property is transferred or sold. The appraisal procured by the corporation shall be used to establish the corporation's percentage share at the time of sale by the following calculation:

Original Fair Market Value minus Purchaser's Original Base Purchase Price divided by Original Fair Market Value rounded to the nearest one per cent.

Net appreciation is calculated as follows:

(Current Fair Market Value of the dwelling unit as originally purchased excluding any capital improvements by the purchaser subsequent to original purchase) - Purchaser's Original Base Purchase Price - Actual Sales costs incurred, if any. Any shared appreciation equity agreements entered into on or after August 27, 1999 shall not be eligible to deduct sales costs.

- (b) The shared appreciation equity program restriction shall be part of the conveyance document for the sale of the dwelling unit recorded in the bureau of conveyances. Notification of the shared appreciation program restriction as an encumbrance on the property shall be recorded as a separate memorandum.
- (c) If the corporation's percentage share of net appreciation is less than one-half of one per cent, the shared appreciation equity program restriction shall not apply. [Eff 12/04/10; comp]
 (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-47)

§15-307-125 Payment due on sale or transfer.

(a) The purchaser agrees that upon any sale or transfer, the corporation shall immediately be notified by the purchaser of the terms and conditions of the sale or transfer. Except for a permitted transfer approved by the corporation, the corporation shall be entitled to be paid its share of the net appreciation on the effective date of the transfer of an amount equal to:

Corporation's Percentage Share multiplied by Net Appreciation as determined in section [$\frac{15-307}{123(a)}$.] $\frac{15-307-124(a)}{123(a)}$.

- (b) If the corporation's share is not paid when due, interest on the corporation's share of net appreciation shall accrue at the simple annual rate of twelve per cent per year until paid. The corporation shall also be entitled to be paid the cost of reasonable attorney's fees and costs to enforce the payment of the corporation's percentage share of the net appreciation due.
- (c) If the corporation's share is not paid when
 due as a result of a non-occupancy violation:
 - (1) The purchaser shall provide evidence of the effective date of non-occupancy. In the event sufficient evidence is not provided by

- the purchaser, the corporation shall make the final determination of the effective date of non-occupancy.
- (2) If the purchaser fails to provide the effective date of non-occupancy, the corporation may commence legal action against the purchaser to pay the shared appreciation equity program amount due.
- If a sale occurs after the non-occupancy (3) violation, allowable closing cost shall not be allowed as a deduction in determining the corporation's share of net appreciation due.
- The corporation shall pursue legal action to recover the total amount owed. [Eff 12/04/10;] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: comp §201H-47)

§15-307-126 Definition of sale or transfer. purposes of this subchapter, a sale or transfer means when one of the following occurs:

- When ownership interest in the dwelling unit (1)is sold or transferred;
- (2) When the dwelling unit is no longer used as the purchaser's primary residence; or
- When the dwelling unit or any part of the (3) dwelling unit is rented to someone else, and the purchaser has not obtained the corporation's determination that hardship circumstances exist, pursuant to section 201H-49, HRS. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4)

(Imp: HRS §§201H-47, 201H-49)

- §15-307-127 Permitted transfers. (a) The following permitted transfers shall not result in the corporation's percentage share of the net appreciation becoming due and payable. However, the corporation's consent for the following transfers shall be required:
 - Creation of a lien or encumbrance which does (1)not affect rights of occupancy provided that the total amount of liens and encumbrances cannot be greater than the sum of eighty per cent of the purchaser's original purchase price and the purchaser's share of net appreciation. In the case where a house lot was purchased and the purchaser contributed his labor to construct the dwelling, the then fair market value of the dwelling shall be included as part of the purchaser's share of net appreciation. In extreme hardship cases involving health and safety, the corporation may allow up to an additional twenty per cent of the purchaser's original purchase price and the purchaser's share of net appreciation provided that the lien or encumbrance would be a loan for capital improvement purposes only;
 - (2) Transfer by devise, descent, or operation of law upon the death of a joint tenant or tenant by the entirety;
 - (3) Transfer to a relative who meets eligibility requirements upon death of purchaser;
 - (4) Transfer to spouse or children who meet eligibility requirements;
 - (5) Transfer due to a property settlement whereby the spouse who meets eligibility requirements becomes owner;
 - (6) Transfer into an inter vivos trust in which the purchasers remain the primary beneficiary and does not affect their rights of occupancy; or

- (7) Transfers into or from a community land trust or other non-profit organization established to maintain or sustain long-term housing affordability.
- (b) If the corporation's rights under this subchapter are derived from the sale of a vacant lot by the corporation, the use of the land as security for a loan to be used by the purchaser to purchase the land or to finance the construction of a principal residence is a permitted transfer to which the corporation's consent is not required. The corporation shall consent in writing to the subordination of its lien or contingent lien rights under this subchapter to the lien of any mortgage placed on the property to finance the construction of a principal residence or the purchase of the vacant lot. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-47)

§15-307-128 Determination of fair market value.

- (a) Whenever it is necessary to determine the net appreciation of the property, the corporation shall select an appraiser and order an appraisal of the fair market value of the dwelling unit. The purchaser shall pay for the cost of the appraisal.
- (b) Within ten business days upon receipt of the appraisal, a written copy shall be provided to the purchaser. Should the purchaser dispute the appraisal, the purchaser may obtain a second appraisal at the purchaser's cost and expense.
- (c) If the first appraisal obtained by the corporation is not disputed, that appraisal shall be used to determine the fair market value.

- (d) If the purchaser disputes the first appraisal, the second appraisal ordered by the purchaser shall be sent to the corporation within the earlier of (1) ten business days upon receipt, or (2) forty-five calendar days after the first appraisal is received from the corporation.
- (e) If the second appraisal is lower than the first appraisal, the fair market value used shall be one-half of the sum of the two appraisals.
- (f) If the second appraisal is not lower, the corporation's first appraisal shall be used to determine the fair market value.
- (g) All appraisals shall be made by an appraiser having one or more of the following qualifications:
 - (1) State of Hawaii licensed appraiser; or
 - (2) State of Hawaii certified appraiser. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-47)

§15-307-129 Cancellation of the corporation's share of the net appreciation. (a) The corporation's right to be paid a share of the net appreciation shall constitute a lien on the property until all of the following events have occurred:

- (1) The corporation has been fully paid its share of the net appreciation and any other amounts that are due and owing the corporation;
- (2) The corporation releases the shared appreciation equity program restriction; and
- (3) The release is recorded at the bureau of conveyances by the purchaser.
- (b) Should no amount be due the corporation following all computations, the corporation may issue a release of the shared appreciation equity program upon the request of the owner. In the event the corporation provides written notice to the owner that no amount is due, the owner, at the owner's own

- §15-307-131 Prepayment of corporation's percentage share of net appreciation. (a) The purchaser may pay all or part of the corporation's share of the net appreciation at any time without a sale or transfer of the dwelling unit.
- (b) If only a partial payment is made to the corporation, the purchaser's original purchase price shall be increased for the purpose of making any later calculation to determine the balance of the corporation's share of the net appreciation.
- (c) The minimum amount of partial payment is to be determined by the corporation. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-47)

SUBCHAPTER 9

REPURCHASE OR REPAIR OF DWELLING UNITS HAVING SUBSTANTIAL CONSTRUCTION DEFECTS

- §15-307-141 Purpose. The purpose of this subchapter is to set forth the manner in which the corporation shall exercise the right conferred by section 201H-51, HRS, to repurchase or repair dwelling units which have substantial construction defects.

 [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-51) (Imp: HRS §201H-51)
- §15-307-142 Applicability. Unless otherwise provided herein, this subchapter applies to all dwelling units for which the restrictions set forth in section 201H-47, HRS, are in effect. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-51) (Imp: HRS §§201H-47, 201H-51)
- §15-307-143 Notice of existence of substantial construction defect. (a) Prior to commencing any legal proceeding against the corporation for claims arising out of a substantial construction defect in a dwelling unit to which this subchapter applies, the owner shall deliver to the corporation by mail, postage prepaid, or in person a notice of substantial construction defect.
- (b) Upon receipt of the notice, the corporation may, but shall not be obligated to, take one of the following actions:
 - (1) Execute a repurchase agreement with the owner;
 - (2) Execute a repair and rental agreement with the owner; or

- (3) Execute a statement of intent to enforce its repurchase right, and deliver the statement to the owner.
- (c) If within ninety days from receipt of the notice of construction or soil defect, the corporation fails to take any action authorized under subsection (b), then the owner after the expiration of the ninety day period shall have the right to start legal proceedings arising out of the construction or soil defect against the corporation.
- (d) If the corporation takes an action described under subsection (b) within ninety days after the receipt of the notice of construction or soil defect, then the owner shall be precluded from starting any legal proceedings arising out of the construction or soil defect against the corporation.
- §15-307-144 Repurchase of dwelling unit. (a) Upon receipt of a notice of construction or soil defect, the corporation shall review the notice and conduct an investigation to determine if a substantial construction or soil defect exists in the dwelling unit and if at least one of the following conditions also exists:
 - (1) The dwelling unit has been found to be unsafe by the building department of the county in which the dwelling unit is situated;
 - (2) The corporation determines that the construction or soil defect cannot be repaired or it will not be economically feasible to repair the construction or soil defect; or

- (3) The corporation determines that the construction or soil defect is of such a magnitude that it will take longer than one year to repair.
- (b) If the corporation determines that there is a substantial construction or soil defect in the dwelling unit and at least one of the conditions set forth in paragraph (a)(1), (a)(2) or (a)(3) also exists, then the corporation, upon approval by the board, may, but shall not be obligated to:
 - (1) Enter into a repurchase agreement with the owner and repurchase the dwelling unit; or
 - (2) If the owner fails to enter into a repurchase agreement, then execute and deliver to the owner a statement of intent to enforce its repurchase right within the ninety day period prescribed under section 15-307-109 and repurchase the dwelling unit without the owner's consent.
- (c) If the corporation repurchases the dwelling unit pursuant to section 201H-51, HRS, then the repurchase shall include the transfer by the owner to the corporation of the owner's right, title, and interest in the dwelling unit and rights with respect to the dwelling unit as more fully described in paragraph (d)(2) and the repurchase price shall be established pursuant to section 15-307-106.
- (d) The repurchase agreement between the owner and the corporation shall include at least the following:
 - (1) A release and indemnification by the owner in favor of the corporation relating to any liability arising out of the and any work performed by design professionals and contractors to repair the dwelling unit.
 - (2) A covenant that the owner shall, pursuant to the repurchase agreement, transfer to the corporation all of the owner's right, title, and interest in the dwelling unit and all of

the owner's rights with respect to the dwelling unit, including, but not limited to, all of the rights of the owner under instruments such as the deed or lease and contracts of warranty, claims for relief under contracts, and claims for relief for tortuous conduct.

(e) If the corporation repurchases the dwelling unit pursuant to section 201H-51, a displace certificate, effective for ten years, shall be issued to the owners. Only one displacee certificate shall be issued for each dwelling unit repurchased.

[Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-51) (Imp: HRS §201H-51)

§15-307-145 Repair of repurchased dwelling unit.

- (a) After a dwelling unit is repurchased by the corporation pursuant to section 201H-51, HRS, the corporation shall determine whether or not the dwelling unit should be repaired.
- (b) If the corporation determines that the dwelling unit should be repaired, then it may retain the services of one or more design professionals and contractors for the purpose of repairing the dwelling unit.

§15-307-146 Resale or rental of repaired dwelling unit. (a) After a repurchased dwelling unit is repaired by the corporation, the dwelling unit shall be first offered for sale to the former owner pursuant to section 15-307-137(a).

§15-307-147 Former owner's right of first refusal. (a) A former owner of a dwelling unit shall have the right of first refusal regarding the resale by the corporation of a dwelling unit repurchased from him or her under this subchapter; provided, however, that the former owner has not yet purchased a dwelling unit pursuant to section 15-307-138.

- (b) Under this section, after a dwelling unit repurchased from the former owner by the corporation under this subchapter is repaired, the corporation shall first offer the dwelling unit for sale to the former owner for a price equal to the repurchase price paid by the corporation for the dwelling unit and subject to the restrictions set forth in sections 201H-47 and 201H-34, HRS, and the shared appreciation program restriction in effect at the time of repurchase. If the former owner rejects the offer, then the corporation may offer the dwelling unit for sale to persons other than the former owner at the price and subject to the restrictions set forth in this subsection.
- (c) If the corporation is unable to sell the dwelling unit under the terms and conditions set forth in subsection (b), then the corporation may offer the dwelling unit for sale under new terms and conditions that may differ from those specified in subsection (b); provided, however, that the corporation shall first offer the dwelling unit for sale to the former

owner under the new terms and conditions. If the former owner rejects the offer, then the corporation may offer the dwelling unit for sale to persons other than the former owner under the new terms and conditions. [Eff 12/04/10; comp]

(Auth: HRS §§201H-35, 201H-51) (Imp: HRS §201H-51)

§15-307-148 Former owner's right to preference.

- (a) A former owner of a dwelling unit repurchased by the corporation under this subchapter shall have the right to a preference in all other projects of the corporation; provided, however, that the former owner has not repurchased a dwelling unit pursuant to section 15-307-137.
- (b) For the purpose of this section, the former owner's right to a "preference" means that the former owner has the right superior to any other person to purchase or rent a dwelling unit in any project of the corporation.
- (c) In order to be entitled to a preference, the former owner shall deliver by mail, postage prepaid, or in person to the corporation a request for preference and the effective displacee certificate issued by the corporation.
- (d) Upon receipt of a request for preference, the corporation shall provide information to the former owner regarding available projects.

(e) If the former owner exercises a right of preference with respect to a project, the corporation shall offer to sell or rent a dwelling unit in that project to the former owner; provided, however, that the former owner meets the eligibility requirements imposed under chapter 201H, HRS, and under this chapter. The corporation, upon approval by the board, may, although it shall not be obligated to, waive one or more eligibility requirements to permit the former owner to purchase or rent the dwelling unit in the project. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-51) (Imp: HRS §201H-51)

§15-307-150 Repair and rental agreement.

- (a) If the corporation receives a notice of substantial construction defect and determines that the dwelling unit has a substantial construction or soil defect, then the corporation, upon approval of the board, may, but shall not be obligated to, enter into a repair and rental agreement with the owner.
- (b) If the corporation enters into a repair and rental agreement with the owner, the corporation shall enter into contracts with such design professionals and contractors whose services are reasonably necessary to repair the dwelling unit. Under the terms of the contracts, the corporation, and not the

owner, shall be responsible for making payments due to the design professionals and contractors under the contracts.

- (c) If the corporation determines that the owner will be substantially deprived of the use of the dwelling unit during the time it is being repaired pursuant to a repair and rental agreement, the corporation shall pay rent to the owner during the period of time the dwelling unit is being repaired. The amount of rent to be paid shall be determined by the corporation; provided, however, that the rent paid shall not exceed the amount of the mortgage payments being made by the owner on the dwelling unit.
- (d) The repair and rental agreement provided for under this section shall include at least the following:
 - (1) The scope of repair to be performed on the dwelling unit;
 - (2) The amount of rent to be paid to the owner, if any; and
 - (3) A release and indemnification by the owner in favor of the corporation relating to any liability arising out of the construction or soil defect and the work performed by the design professionals and contractors to repair the dwelling unit.

[Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-51) (Imp: HRS §201H-51)

§15-307-151 Legal action on behalf of corporation. (a) If the corporation expends moneys

to repurchase or repair and rent a dwelling unit pursuant section 201H-51, HRS, then the corporation, upon approval by the board, shall have the authority to take legal action against the developer, codeveloper, general contractor, and their subcontractors, consultants and other parties involved with the development, construction, or sale of the

dwelling unit or with the substantial construction defect in order to recover the moneys expended.

- (b) The corporation, upon approval by the board, shall have the authority to retain attorneys and expert witnesses and incur the expenses reasonably necessary for the legal action to recover the moneys expended.
- (c) The corporation shall not be barred from bringing a legal action under this section notwithstanding any period of limitations set forth in chapter 657, HRS. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-51)

§15-307-152 Legal action on behalf of owner.

- (a) For the purpose of this section, the term "dwelling unit" means all residences developed, constructed, financed, or sold pursuant to chapter 201G, HRS, regardless of whether or not the restrictions set forth in section 201H-47, HRS, [remains] remain in effect. The term "land" means vacant lots developed, constructed, financed, or sold pursuant to chapter 201H, HRS, regardless of whether or not the restrictions set forth in section 201H-47, HRS, [remains] remain in effect.
- (b) If a dwelling unit or land is found to have a substantial construction or soil defect, the corporation, upon approval of the board, may, but shall not be obligated to, file a legal action on behalf of the owner of the dwelling unit for the recovery of damages or for injunctive relief against the developer, co-developer, general contractor, and their subcontractors, consultants and other parties involved with the development, construction, or sale of the dwelling unit or with the construction or soil defect.

- (c) Before the corporation may file or participate in any legal action on behalf of the owner, the corporation shall enter into an agreement approved by the board, with the owner relating to the corporation's participation in the legal action. The agreement shall include, but shall not be limited to, provisions as to the following:
 - (1) The scope of the corporation's participation in the legal action;
 - (2) The responsibility for payment of the expenses of litigation, including attorneys' fees and expert witnesses' fees; and
 - (3) The allocation of any damages awarded in the legal action or of any proceeds from settlement of the legal action.
- (d) The corporation, upon approval of the board, shall have the authority to retain attorneys and expert witnesses and incur the expenses reasonably necessary for the legal action.
- (e) The corporation shall not be barred from bringing a legal action under this subsection notwithstanding any period of limitations set forth in chapter 657, HRS. [Eff 12/04/10; am and comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-51)

SUBCHAPTER 10

PROJECT FINANCING OF LOANS AND MORTGAGE
AND SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

§15-307-161 Purpose. The purpose of this subchapter is to set forth the rules relating to the interim and permanent financing of housing projects. [Eff 12/04/10; am and comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4, 201H-51, 201H-191) (Imp: HRS §201H-40, 201H-123, 201H-96)

§15-307-161.5 Applications for program funds. Applicants desiring to utilize fund moneys under this program shall submit to the corporation an application containing the information required under sections 15-

307-24 and 15-307-26 of these rules.

[Eff] Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-51, 201H-191) (Imp: HRS §201H-40, 201H-123, 201H-96)

- §15-307-162 Interim financing. (a) Interim loans for approved projects shall be funded in accordance with section 201H-43, HRS, and will be available to developers [and contractors] who qualify in accordance with this chapter.
- (b) A developer [or contractor] shall satisfy the corporation that the developer or contractor is a sound credit risk and has the ability to repay the money borrowed.
- (c) Upon the report and recommendation of the administrator, the corporation, through board action, may at any time thereafter approve or disapprove the loan.
- (d) The loan amount shall not exceed the actual cost of the project including the land cost, total construction contract price, architectural and engineering fees, interest on the loan, legal and accounting expenses, construction insurance and performance bond premiums, charges for appliances, and such other related expenses and costs as are directly attributable to the development and construction of the project; provided that in no event shall the loan amount exceed a percentage of the total value of the project as determined by the corporation for such project.
- (e) Mortgage and security requirements shall conform to section 201H-43, HRS, and may include the condition that no disbursements of the loan fund will be made by the corporation until the corporation receives satisfactory evidence that there is available

permanent financing or other means of repayment covering the project or the individual dwelling units that are for sale.

- (f) A building and loan agreement and other security agreements, as appropriate, shall be executed on approval of the interim loan upon such terms and conditions as may be required by the corporation.
- (g) The corporation may participate with private lenders in the provision of interim loans to developers. [and contractors.] [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-43) (Imp: HRS §§201H-43, 201H-144)
- §15-307-163 Permanent financing. (a) Permanent loans for approved multifamily housing projects with five or more residential units may be available to developers who qualify in accordance with this chapter; provided that the project financing does not include a loan or grant from the corporation's rental housing revolving fund. The corporation may accept or deny a request for a permanent loan for a project. The corporation may also defer action on any request for a permanent loan and may request that additional information be submitted.
- (b) Permanent loans shall be subject to the following underwriting standards and additional conditions:
 - (1) A debt coverage ratio of not less than 1.00x on hard debt service requirements for the duration of the amortization period of the loan;
 - (2) A loan-to-value ratio of the total loan amount to the total appraised value, shall not exceed one hundred per cent; and
- (c) The corporation shall objectively review each project on a case-by-case basis. The corporation shall also set forth the terms and conditions of the

- loan, including the interest rate, repayment
 requirements, appropriate security, and the like.
- (d) The corporation shall take all reasonable steps necessary to ensure that projects funded shall remain affordable for the economic life of the project or for the full loan term.
- (e) The corporation shall ensure that loans are secured to safeguard against a change in the use or ownership of the project, or the project no longer fulfilling the intended purpose for which the loan was provided. The corporation may also include the condition that no disbursements of the loan fund will be made by the corporation until the corporation receives satisfactory evidence that there is available other means of repayment covering the project. Loans may be secured through any of the following means:
 - (1) Use of a subordinated mortgage;
 - (2) Development of a project on government-owned land with conditions attached to the land;
 - (3) Use of a regulatory agreement; or
 - (4) Any of a combination of the above.
- (f) The corporation shall establish provisions for monitoring the following:
 - (1) The progress of projects receiving permanent loans under these rules; and
 - $\frac{(2)}{1}$ Compliance with the terms and conditions of the loan.

The corporation may charge a compliance monitoring fee, which shall be as presented in the exhibit at the end of this chapter entitled "Fees" dated _______. The corporation shall have the right to rescind or recapture moneys loaned if the terms of the contract are not fulfilled.

(g) If the corporation accepts a request for a permanent loan for a project, the corporation must make specific findings that the use and application of program funds for the project are consistent with the purposes of this chapter.

(h) The corporation may participate with private lenders in the provision of permanent loans to developers. [Eff] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-191) (Imp: HRS §201H-191)

SUBCHAPTER 11

DEFAULT

SUBCHAPTER 12

OWNER OCCUPANCY WAIVER PROCEDURES

§15-307-202 **Definitions.** As used in this subchapter:

"Administrative costs" means costs incurred by the corporation for activities performed in conjunction with the administration of these rules pursuant to section 201H-49, HRS. Such costs may include, but are not limited to salaries, other employee benefits, and other expenses necessary to administer this subchapter.

"Application" means an application to the corporation by a party which seeks relief under these rules. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-49) (Imp: HRS §201H-49)

§15-307-203 Application for temporary owner occupancy waiver. When the owner in any qualified affordable housing project submits an application to the corporation for an exception to the owner occupancy requirement in section 201H-49, HRS, the following shall apply:

- (1) The applicant shall submit to the corporation a completed temporary owner occupancy waiver form as used by the corporation;
- (2) Along with the temporary waiver form, the applicant shall submit to the corporation the following information:
 - (A) A cover letter requesting the temporary owner occupancy waiver and which states the length of the temporary waiver period requested, including, but not limited to a letter from a physician, dean, or commanding officer;
 - (B) A signed Hawaii state income tax return for every year the applicant has occupied the dwelling unit;
 - (C) Documentation on the monthly mortgage payments the owner is paying; and
 - (D) Additional documentation necessary for the corporation to verify the hardship circumstance and make a determination on the temporary waiver request;
- (3) Upon receipt, the staff of the corporation shall time stamp the application.
 - (A) If the owner's temporary waiver request is found to be valid under these rules, the staff shall issue written notification of that determination to the applicant within sixty working days thereafter.
 - (B) If the owner's temporary waiver request is found to be invalid under these rules, the staff shall, within sixty working days of receipt, so notify the applicant, along with the reason or reasons that the temporary waiver request is denied. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §\$201H-4, 201H-49) (Imp: HRS §201H-49)

§15-307-204 Hardship circumstances required.

Except for a natural disaster, the corporation may grant a temporary waiver of the owner occupancy requirement if the applicant is unable to reside on the property temporarily due to the following conditions:

- (1) An unforeseeable job or military transfer;
- (2) A temporary educational sabbatical;
- (3) Serious illness of the person or household member; or

§15-307-205 Duration of temporary waiver. (a)

The corporation may waive the owner occupancy requirement for a total of not more than ten years after the purchase of the dwelling unit. If the owner does not reoccupy the dwelling unit at the end of the temporary waiver period, the owner shall pay the corporation its share of the net appreciated value of the property in accordance with subchapter 8 of these rules, if applicable, and the corporation may repurchase the dwelling unit in accordance with subchapter 8 of these rules. If the corporation elects not to repurchase the dwelling unit, the owner shall pay the corporation simple interest on the original cost and capital improvements at the rate of twelve per cent a year until the unit is reoccupied or sold.

§15-307-206 Allowable uses of the dwelling unit during the temporary waiver period. During the temporary waiver period, the dwelling unit may be rented or leased, provided that the owner complies with all applicable laws. The amount of monthly rent that may be charged by the owner shall not exceed (1) the corporation's affordable rent guidelines or (2) the owner's monthly mortgage payments for principal, interest, taxes, and applicable payments for mortgage insurance, homeowner association fees, maintenance fees, and lease rent; whichever is greater. applicant shall submit to the corporation a signed rental agreement. Subletting is not allowed. [Eff 12/04/10; am and comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-49) (Imp: HRS §201H-49)

§15-307-208 Extension of the owner occupancy requirement. The corporation may extend the owner occupancy requirement by one month for every month or fraction thereof that the owner occupancy requirement of section 201H-49, HRS, is temporarily waived.

[Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4, 201H-49) (Imp: HRS §201H-49)

§15-307-209 Recovery of administrative expenses and attorneys fees. The corporation may recover all relevant administrative expenses and attorneys' fees from the applicant in administering and implementing this subchapter. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-49) (Imp: HRS §201H-49)

§15-307-210 Failure to reoccupy. Failure to reoccupy the dwelling unit by the owner at the end of the temporary waiver period shall be sufficient reason for the corporation, at its option,

- (1) To purchase the unit as provided in section 201H-47, HRS as applicable. In this situation, the owner shall not receive more than the maximum to which the owner would be entitled under section 201H-47, HRS; or
- (2) Demand the full payment for the shared appreciation equity restriction. The corporation has the right to verify the owner's failure to occupy.

[Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-49) (Imp: HRS §201H-49)

§15-307-211 Disagreement with the corporation's determination. Any owner who disagrees with the corporation's determination shall be entitled to a contested case proceeding under chapter 91. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §§201H-4, 201H-49) (Imp: HRS §§201H-47, 201H-49)

SUBCHAPTER 13

ADMINISTRATION OF CORPORATION LEASES

§15-307-221 Purpose. This subchapter shall govern the general procedures for the administration of corporation-owned leases. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §201H-5, 201H-9, 201H-12, 201H-43, 201H-22)

\$15-307-222 Applicability. This subchapter shall apply to all lots developed and leased by the corporation and designated for lower cost and market housing, and for which lands and funds were used to meet the goals and objectives of providing affordable housing. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §§ 201H-5, 201H-9, 201H-12, 201H-15, 201H-22)

§15-307-223 Administration of residential

- **leases.** (a) The corporation shall review applications submitted by lessees for assignment or transfer of leases and subleases, when applicable.
- (b) As applicable, a purchaser of a residential
 lease shall meet the following eligibility
 requirements:
 - (1) The purchaser shall be a qualified resident;
 - (2) The purchaser shall not be delinquent in any obligation to the State or any county government, and shall not have had a previous contract cancelled due to default;
 - (3) If the lot is vacant, the purchaser shall demonstrate the financial ability to construct a house within two years of the lease execution date; and
 - (4) The purchaser shall provide state and federal tax clearances.
- (c) The corporation shall establish lease rents and shall initiate the renegotiation of lease rents at the reopen period as stated in the lease agreement.
- (d) Lease terms shall begin on the same date for all units in a project, when possible.
- (e) The corporation shall terminate a lease when a lessee fails to cure the default of any condition of the lease or violation of this chapter, using the following procedure:
 - (1) Lessees shall be sent a written notice of default.
 - (2) The mortgagee of record shall be sent a copy the notice of default; and
 - (3) Lessees shall be required to vacate the premises of the leased property upon termination of the lease.

- (f) The corporation's consent shall be required prior to any assignment or transfer of leases and subleases, if allowed, according to the terms of the lease agreement. [Eff 12/04/10; comp]
 (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §§ 201H-5, 201H-9, 201H-12, 201H-15, 201H-22)
- §15-307-224 General lease provisions. (a) The corporation shall consent to mortgages as stated in the lease.
- (b) The corporation's consent shall be required prior to any improvements installed on the land as stated in the lease.
- (c) The lessee shall pay for all costs when necessary to determine the lessee's equity in the property. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §§ 201H-5, 201H-9, 201H-12, 201H-15, 201H-22)
- §15-307-225 Extension of fixed rent period or lease term for mortgage purposes. (a) The corporation may extend the fixed rent period or term for mortgage purposes. The corporation may adjust the lease rent for the current fixed periods and the extended period as conditions of allowing the extension.
- (b) The extended lease rents shall not be used in the valuation of the purchase of the leased fee interest of the land.
- (c) The corporation may charge [a fee] fees for the extension application. Such [fee] fees shall be as presented in the exhibit at the end of this chapter entitled "Fees" dated _______.

- §15-307-226 Sale of leased fee interest of the land. (a) The corporation may sell the leased fee interest of the land according to the terms of the lease, or state statutes, as applicable.
- (b) The original terms of the lease or revised terms and conditions mutually agreed upon in writing shall be used to value the leased fee interest of the land.
- (c) The corporation may sell the leased fee interest of the land for the project, or for individual lots.
- (d) The lessee shall pay for all costs to purchase the leased fee interest of the land. [Eff 12/04/10; comp] (Auth: HRS §201H-4) (Imp: HRS §§ 201H-5, 201H-9, 201H-12, 201H-15, 201H-22)

SUBCHAPTER 14

REGIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCING

§15-307-241 Purpose. The purpose of this subchapter is to set forth the rules relating to use of the dwelling unit revolving fund for grants or loans to finance regional infrastructure improvements.

[Eff] (Auth: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016) (Imp: Act 132, SLH 2016)

§15-307-242 Regional infrastructure subaccounts; generally. (a) Upon request of a county government, the corporation may establish a regional infrastructure subaccount within the dwelling unit revolving fund for that county pursuant to the requirements of Act 132, SLH 2016. Each county subaccount so established may be used to provide grants and loans to state agencies, or loans to

- counties or private developers, to cover eligible costs of regional infrastructure improvements within that specific county.
- (b) Regional infrastructure subaccount funds may be utilized for the planning, design, feasibility studies, construction, and materials for infrastructure improvements that would increase the capacity of the infrastructure facilities, including regional sewer systems, water systems, drainage systems, roads, and telecommunications and broadband. The corporation may also use subaccount funds to repay private investors for their investment plus any interest accrued on their investments made into the subaccounts to finance, in whole or in part, infrastructure improvements that would increase the capacity of said infrastructure facilities.
- (c) The corporation may, from time to time and at its sole discretion, determine that there are sufficient funds available in the dwelling unit revolving fund to transfer to regional infrastructure subaccounts for the purpose of making regional infrastructure grants and loans to State departments and agencies, or regional infrastructure loans to county departments and agencies and private entities.
- (d) The corporation may assess fees, including application, origination and servicing fees, as prescribed by the exhibit at the end of this chapter entitled "Fees", dated _______, to cover the administrative expenses of originating and managing the subaccounts. The fees shall be deposited into the dwelling unit revolving fund.

[Eff] (Auth: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016) (Imp: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016)

§15-307-243 Commitment of subaccount funds. (a) Regional infrastructure subaccount fund loans may be committed in participation with other lenders.

(b) The corporation shall not issue nor make any commitment of regional infrastructure subaccount funds for any project unless the board has first made a determination that the purposes and amounts for which regional infrastructure subaccount funds are to be applied are consistent with the purposes of the program. All commitments of regional infrastructure subaccount funds shall be made subject to the availability of program funds. [Eff]

(Auth: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016) (Imp: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016)

§15-307-244 Regional infrastructure financing.

- (a) Loan amounts shall not exceed the actual cost of the infrastructure project, including total construction contract price, architectural and engineering fees, interest on the loan, legal and accounting expenses, construction insurance and performance bond premiums, and other such related expenses and costs as are directly attributable to the development and construction of the regional infrastructure project; provided that in no event shall the loan amount exceed a percentage of the total value of the infrastructure project as determined by the corporation for such project.
- (b) Payments of regional infrastructure loans may include loan repayments, the value of credits or reservations for infrastructure capacity, and in-kind payments of improved real property; provided that the value of the credits or reservations, the appraised value of the improved property, and other loan payments, if applicable, shall not be less than the loan amount. [Eff] (Auth: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016)

§15-307-245 Processing of regional

- infrastructure project proposal. (a) An applicant shall make a written request including and supported by information, materials, forms and exhibits about the project as set forth in §15-307-26, above, as applicable to the project, and such additional information as may be required by the corporation.
- (b) The administrator shall, upon receipt of an application or project proposal or both, time stamp the same as received and review the application for completeness and compliance with applicable rules under this subchapter. An incomplete application shall be returned to the applicant.
- (c) After review of the application for appropriateness, technical compliance and feasibility, the administrator may submit the proposal with a recommendation for approval, contingent approval, or disapproval to the board.
- (d) The board may recommend that a request for regional infrastructure subaccount funds be allocated or may deny a request for regional infrastructure subaccount funds for a project. The board may also defer action on any request for regional infrastructure subaccount funds and may request that additional information be submitted. If the board recommends that a request for regional infrastructure subaccount funds be allocated for a project, the board shall make specific findings that the use and application of regional infrastructure subaccount funds for the project are consistent with the purposes of this subchapter. [Eff] (Auth: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016)

§15-307-246 Evaluation of requests for program funds; criteria for selection of proposals. (a) The corporation or its designee(s) shall review each request for regional infrastructure subaccount funds to verify that the infrastructure project meets the

- requirements and purposes of this subchapter. If it is determined that the project does not meet the requirements and purposes of this subchapter, staff shall notify the applicant that the application for program funds will not be processed for action and state the reasons the application will not be processed. Staff shall review and evaluate projects only if the infrastructure project meets the minimum threshold requirements set forth in section 15-307-247 and the applicant submits a complete application.
- (b) Funds shall be made available on a case-by-case basis. In selecting regional infrastructure projects for funding assistance under this subchapter, the corporation shall give consideration to the following factors:
 - (1) The relative merits of the project including the need for the project, public benefits, and project readiness;
 - (2) The ability of the applicant to deliver the project as planned, fulfill project commitments, and ensure compliance with the terms of the financing agreement;
 - (3) The creditworthiness of the applicant;
 - The extent of local government support or the support of any other governmental body whose purview involves statewide community planning or permitting;
 - (5) The recommendations of the Hawaii
 interagency council for transit-oriented
 development;
 - The amount of affordable rental housing development the proposed regional infrastructure project will support once completed, as measured by unit count; and
 - The amount of funding requested relative to the total cost of the infrastructure project. [Eff] (Auth: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016) (Imp: Act 132, SLH 2016)

§15-307-247 Eligible regional infrastructure projects; minimum requirements. Proposed regional infrastructure project applicants shall meet the following minimum threshold requirements to be considered for financing assistance under this subchapter:

- (1) The proposed regional infrastructure project is for the benefit of housing and mixed-use transit-oriented development projects;
- (2) The proposed regional infrastructure project is located in an area designated for planned growth and will increase the capacity of the infrastructure facilities;
- The project has the support of the applicable county planning and housing agencies;
- (4) The project has the support of the
 applicable state departments or agencies;
 and
- (5) The project has the support of the applicable mayor and the county legislative body, as evidenced by one or more the following:
 - (A) Written letter of support from the mayor of the county in which the project is located;
 - (B) Certified copies of resolutions in support of the project adopted by the county legislative body in which the project is located; or
 - Minutes, reports, or memoranda of actions taken by a county legislative body in which the project is located in support of the project.

[Eff] (Auth: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016) (Imp: Act 132, SLH 2016)

§15-307-248 Conditions for subaccount funds.

- (a) The administrator and state departments or agencies, counties, or private developers, upon approval by the board, may enter into an agreement, including a loan agreement, development agreement, or regulatory agreement, evidencing the eligible developer's obligation to develop the project in a manner that carries out the intent and purpose of this program.
- (b) The corporation shall require the eligible developer to prepare and maintain such records, including cost certifications, necessary to show that subaccount funds are being used in a manner meeting program requirements.
- (c) Eligible developers shall also provide periodic written reports to the corporation on the progress of the project. Written reports shall be submitted at a minimum on an annual basis; provided that the corporation shall receive a report subsequent to any of the following events:
 - (1) Non-payment of interest or principal;
 - (2) Breach of contractual obligations related to all involved parties;
 - (3) Illegality;
 - (4) Default of a major contract counterparty;
 - (5) Regulatory or policy changes;
 - (6) Construction delays;
 - Significant deviation from projected costs and cash flows;
 - (8) Sudden increase in costs; or
 - Force majeure events that affect the economic value of the project.

[Eff] (Auth: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016) (Imp: Act 132, SLH 2016)

- §15-307-249 Audit and cost certifications. All books and records of a project shall be subject to audit and all expenditures of a project shall be subject to cost certification. [Eff]

 (Auth: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016) (Imp: Act 132, SLH 2016)
- §15-307-250 Compliance monitoring; penalties for non-compliance.

 (a) The corporation may perform an audit at least once a year until a regional infrastructure project is completed, but shall have access to all books and records upon notice to the eligible developer.
- (b) The penalty for non-compliance with program rules and requirements is at the discretion of the corporation. For projects receiving program funds in the form of loans, foreclosure proceedings is one alternative. For projects receiving grants, the corporation may undertake legal proceedings to secure specific performance. In all cases, the corporation reserves the right to pursue any and all legal remedies to recapture the funds awarded, to seek specific performance, or other actions that it deems necessary.
- (c) Upon determination by the corporation of non-compliance with program rules and requirements, the owner shall be notified and given sixty calendar days to correct the violations. The corporation may extend the correction period, up to a total of six months if it is determined that good cause exists for granting such an extension. [Eff]

 (Auth: HRS §201H-4, Act 132, SLH 2016) (Imp: Act 132, SLH 2016)

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

	ve Rules, on the Summary Pages
2016 fo	llowing a public hearing held
	ter public notice was given in
	iser, The Garden Island, The
	oday, and Hawaii Tribune-
Herald newspapers on	, 2016.
Thoraghall take off	ect ten days after filing with
the Office of the Lieute	_
the office of the freute.	nanc Governor.
	LEILANI PULMANO, Chairperson
	Hawaii Housing Finance and
	Development Corporation
	APPROVED:
+. C 1	
	DAVID Y. IGE
	Governor
	State of Hawaii
	Date:
ADDROVED AG HO HODM:	
APPROVED AS TO FORM:	
•	
Deputy Attorney General	
	Filed
	LITEA

Effective [December 4, 2010] _____, 2017

Fees may be charged by the Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation as follows:

PURPOSE	AMOUNT CHARGED
Buyback Program Administration	\$250.00
Consent to Mortgage	\$250.00
Release of 10 Year Repurchase	
Restriction	\$250.00
Waiver and Reinstatement of	
Repurchase Right	\$250.00
Temporary Waiver of Owner Occupancy	
Restriction	\$250.00
Amendment of Deed (Restatement of	
Repurchase Right term)	\$250.00
Shared Appreciation Equity (SAE)	
Program Administration	\$250.00
Consent to Mortgage/Subordination of	
SAE	\$250.00
Release of SAE Program	\$250.00
Waiver and Reinstatement of SAE	
Program	\$250.00
Deferred Sales Price Program	
Administration	\$250.00
Release of Deferred Sales Price	\$250.00
Released of Deferred Land Value	\$250.00
Leasehold Program Administration	\$250.00
Lease Consent	\$250.00
Assignment of Lease	\$250.00
Amendment of Lease	\$250.00
Extension of Lease Term for	
Individual House Lot	\$250.00
Purchase of Leased Fee Interest	\$250.00
Conversion from Leasehold to Fee	
Simple - New Deed	\$250.00
Transfer Fee	\$250.00

PURPOSE	AMOUNT CHARGED
Sales/Rental Program Administration	\$250.00
Rent to Own Program Administration	\$250.00
Release of Mortgage	\$250.00
House Plans	Actual cost of
	reproduction
Developer's Non-refundable 201H	
Application Fee	\$2,000
Developer's Non-refundable DURF	
Application Fee	\$2,000
Developer's Non-refundable Project	
Ground Lease Extension or	
Modification Application Fee	\$2,000
Developer's DURF Loan Financing	1% to 2.5% of
Fee**	loan amount
Interest on DURF Interim Loan**	[3%] <u>0%</u> to 8.5%
	[per annum]
	compounded
	annually
Interest on DURF Permanent Loan**	The applicable
101	<u>federal rate</u>
	<u>("AFR") as</u>
	determined by
	the Internal
A C A	Revenue
(10)	Service, plus
	3%
DURF Permanent Loan Compliance	\$35 per unit
Monitoring Fee**	per year for
	all project
()	units excluding
	managers units.
Administrative Fee (assessed to	\$0 to \$2,500
developers)**	per unit
Regional Infrastructure Loan	
Application Fee**	\$2,000
Regional Infrastructure Loan	1.0% of loan
Origination Fee**	amount

PURPOSE	AMOUNT CHARGED
Regional Infrastructure Loan	
Amendment Fee**	\$2,000
Regional Infrastructure Loan	0.30% of loan
Servicing Fee, per year for the loan	amount,
term**	compounded
	annually
Interest on Regional Infrastructure	1.0% plus the
Loan to Private entity or county	<u>actual interest</u>
department or agency**	<mark>rate paid by</mark>
	<mark>the State on</mark>
	the loan funds,
	<pre>compounded</pre>
	<u>annually</u>
Interest on Regional Infrastructure	<mark>0% - 1.0% plus</mark>
Loan to State department or agency**	the actual
	interest rate
	paid by the
	State on the
	<u>loan funds,</u>
	<u>compounded</u>
. 0.4	<u>annually</u>
** [Fee may] <u>May</u> be adjusted by the	
Board on a case-by-case basis.	

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

Amendments to and Compilation of Chapter 15-307, Hawaii Administrative Rules

_____, 2016

SUMMARY

- 1. §§15-307-1 to 15-307-2 are amended.
- 2. §15-307-4 is amended.
- 3. §§15-307-7 to 15-307-22 are amended.
- 4. §15-307-24 is amended.
- 5. §15-307-26 is amended.
- 6. §15-307-31 is amended.
- 7. §15-307-52 is amended.
- 8. §§15-307-76 to 15-307-78 are amended.
- 9. §15-307-92 is amended
- 10. §15-307-105 is amended.
- 11. §15-307-152 is amended.
- 12. §15-307-161 is amended.
- 13. A new §15-307-161.5 is added.
- 14. A new §15-307-163 is added.
- 15. §15-307-206 is amended.

- 16. §15-307-225 is amended.
- 17. New $\S\S15-307-241$ to 15-307-250 are added.
- 18. Chapter 15-307 is compiled.