# HAWAII ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

# TITLE 15

# DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

# HAWAII HOUSING FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

# CHAPTER 306

# GENERAL EXCISE TAX EXEMPTIONS

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# Subchapter 4 Approval of Affordable Rental Housing Projects Under Act 54, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, as Amended

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Historical Note: Chapter 15-306, Hawaii
Administrative Rules, is substantially based upon
Chapter 377 of Title 6, Hawaii Administrative Rules,
[Eff 2/8/93; am 6/8/98; R 10/25/99], and Chapter 175
of Title 15, Hawaii Administrative Rules. [Eff
10/25/99; R 10/08/07]

#### SUBCHAPTER 1

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

§15-306-1 Purpose. This chapter implements sections 201H-36 and 237-29, HRS, regarding general excise tax exemptions for qualified persons and firms involved in providing low and moderate income housing. The legislative intent of the general excise tax exemption is to achieve cost savings to assure economic feasibility which will encourage and enable the production of as many lower cost housing units as possible. [Eff 10/08/07; am 09/05/08; comp 12/11/10;

comp 12/11/15; comp ] (Auth: HRS §237-

29) (Imp: HRS §§237-29, 201H-36)

§15-306-2 **Definitions.** As used in this chapter:

"Allowable construction costs" means expenses incurred by a contractor, for contracting, services and materials which are to be incorporated (in such a form as to be perceptible to the senses) into, or used completely by the contractor in, the development and construction of real property improvements and fixtures for a newly constructed, or moderately or substantially rehabilitated eligible housing project that are associated with the residential portion of the project, or that are incidental or de minimis non-residential uses within the project.

"Allowable development costs" means amounts incurred by a developer or a contractor for contracting, services, and materials that are used for the planning, development, and construction of a newly constructed, or moderately or substantially rehabilitated, eligible housing project that are associated with the residential portion of the project, or that are incidental or de minimis non-residential uses within the project.

"Allowable financing costs" means:

- (1) Amounts paid by a developer or owner to the holder of any debt instrument secured by the leasehold or fee simple interest of the developer or owner in an eligible housing project, and to qualified persons or firms in connection with obtaining or administering such financing; and
- (2) Interest earned by a developer or owner on construction loan funds;

that are associated with the residential portion of the project, or that are incidental or de minimis nonresidential uses within the project.

"Claimant" means a person or firm filing a claim with the corporation for general excise tax exemptions allowed under section 237-29, HRS.

"Contractor" means a person defined as a contractor under section 237-6, HRS.

"Corporation" means the Hawaii housing finance and development corporation.

"Developed under the sponsorship of a private nonprofit corporation" means a newly constructed, or moderately or substantially rehabilitated housing project developed under a program qualified by the corporation and sponsored by a private nonprofit corporation whose purpose is the provision of affordable housing.

"Economic feasibility" means the ability of the eligible housing project to produce sufficient revenue to pay all operating expenses and charges to provide reasonable return and recapture of the capital invested.

"Eligible housing project" means:

- (1) A rental housing project by a qualified person or firm where at least fifty percent of the available units are for households with incomes at or below eighty per cent of the area median family income, as determined by HUD, of which at least twenty per cent of the available units are for households with incomes at or below sixty per cent of the area median family income, as determined by HUD; or
- (2) A housing project meeting at least one of the three income criteria and at least one of the three development criteria that follow:
  - (A) Income criteria:
    - (i) At least twenty per cent of the units in the project are rented or sold to households with incomes of up to fifty per cent of the area median income as determined by HUD;
    - (ii) At least forty per cent of the units are rented or sold to households with incomes of up to ninety-five per cent of the area median income, as determined by HUD; or

- (iii) At least sixty per cent of the units must be rented or sold to households with incomes of up to one hundred forty per cent of the area median income, as determined by HUD; and
- (B) Development criteria:
  - (i) Rental or for-sale housing projects which are developed under a housing development program pursuant to part II of chapter 201H, HRS;
  - (ii) Rental or for-sale housing projects which are developed or acquired for the provision of affordable housing under a government assistance program approved by the corporation; or
  - (iii) Rental or for-sale housing projects developed under the sponsorship of a private nonprofit corporation.

"Eligible housing projects" may include incidental or de minimis non-residential uses that are intended to directly benefit the residents of the housing project.

"Government assistance program" means any housing program qualified by the corporation and administered or operated by the State, the corporation, the United States, or any of their political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, corporate or otherwise, which may be used to effectuate housing development and acquisition for the provision of affordable housing for qualified persons in the State. "Government assistance program" includes, but is not limited to, the United States Department of Agriculture's 502 and 515 programs; the Federal Housing Administration's 235 program; the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development's HOME, HOPE, 202, and 811 programs; the section 802 military housing program; the military construction and family housing program; the military housing privatization initiative program; the low income housing tax credit program; the corporation's rental

housing [trust] revolving fund program; the corporation's rental assistance program; the corporation's dwelling unit revolving fund program; tax exempt or taxable multi-family bond financing programs administered by the corporation or any of the counties; the acquisition of land and existing structures for the provision of affordable housing, for which the legislature has appropriated or otherwise authorized funding; [and] residential projects developed by the department of Hawaiian home lands[-]; and residential projects developed by the Hawaii public housing authority.

"HRS" means the Hawaii Revised Statutes.
"HUD" means the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

"Limited distribution mortgagor" means an entity which may consist of a person, partnership, association, or limited liability partnership and company which has executed with the federal, state, or county agency a regulatory agreement as to rents, charges, profits, dividends, development costs, and methods of operation.

"Lower income households" mean households with incomes up to and including one hundred forty per cent of the area median income as determined by HUD.

"Moderate rehabilitation" means rehabilitation to upgrade a unit to a decent, safe, and sanitary condition, or to repair or replace major building systems or components in danger of failure.

"Nonprofit corporation" means a corporation incorporated under chapter 414D, HRS.

"Qualified person or firm" means an individual, partnership, joint venture, corporation, association, limited liability partnership, limited liability company, business, trust, or any organized group of persons or legal entities, or any combination thereof, which possesses all professional or vocational licenses necessary to do business in the State of Hawaii in conjunction with the planning, design, financing, construction (including materials and supplies for new construction, moderate

rehabilitation, and substantial rehabilitation), sale, or rental of eligible housing projects.

"Regulatory agreement" means the agreement under which projects shall be regulated by the corporation, in a published format determined by the corporation  $[\tau]$ and recorded in the bureau of conveyances, including, but not limited to, a development agreement, deed restriction, other recorded written agreement or determination that the claimant's project is legally bound to the affordability requirements as set out in the application or applications with the corporation or other governmental agencies, whichever is applicable. A regulatory agreement shall include, but not limited to, the right of the corporation to recapture a proportionate share of the approximate project construction cost savings from the exemption from general excise taxes if the project's units do not remain restricted for income-qualified tenants for the full remaining term of the regulatory agreement, and such additional covenants and restrictions as may be determined necessary by the corporation on a caseby-case basis.

"Staff" means the employed personnel of the corporation.

"State" means the State of Hawaii. "Substantial rehabilitation" means the improvement of a property to a decent, safe, and sanitary condition that requires more than routine or minor repairs or improvements and may include, but is not limited to, the gutting and extensive reconstruction of a unit or cosmetic improvements coupled with the curing of a substantial accumulation of deferred maintenance. Substantial rehabilitation also includes rehabilitation activity that is necessary to correct substandard conditions to make essential improvements, and to repair major systems in danger of failure. term "major systems" includes, but is not limited to, such items as roof structures, ceiling, wall or floor structures, foundations, elevators, and plumbing or electrical repair, replacement, or in some cases removal. Substantial rehabilitation activities also include energy and other natural resource conservation related repairs and improvements, as well as improvements required to provide access or added safety for the handicapped or elderly and renovation, alteration, or remodeling to convert or adapt structurally sound property to the design and condition required for a specific use (e.g., conversion of a hotel to housing for elders). [Eff 10/08/07; am 09/05/08; am and comp 12/11/10; am and comp 12/11/15; am and comp ] (Auth: HRS §237-29) (Imp: HRS §§237-29, 201H-36)

§15-306-3 Fees. The corporation shall charge the following fees:

- (1) Application for exemption of an eligible housing project and claimant: \$500, to be adjusted annually each July 1 using the consumer price index series title: all items in U.S. city average, all urban consumers, not seasonally adjusted, for the month of April published by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. The corporation shall post any fee changes on its website;
- (2) Subsequent applications for certification of claimants of an eligible housing project:
  \$300, to be adjusted annually each July 1
  using the consumer price index series title:
  all items in U.S. city average, all urban
  consumers, not seasonally adjusted, for the
  month of April published by the U.S.
  Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor
  Statistics. The corporation shall post any
  fee changes on its website;
- (3) Application for annual certification of rental income generated by an eligible housing project: \$300, to be adjusted annually each July 1 using the consumer price index series title: all items in U.S. city average, all urban consumers, not seasonally adjusted, for the month of April published by the U.S. Department of Labor,

- Bureau of Labor Statistics. The corporation shall post any fee changes on its website; and
- (4) A reasonable annual compliance monitoring fee may be charged to cover administrative expenses. It will be the responsibility of the corporation or its designated representative to inform the project owner of any changes in the annual compliance fee. The fee may be adjusted annually each July 1. [Eff 10/08/07; am 09/05/08; am and comp 12/11/10; am and comp 12/11/15; am and comp ] (Auth: HRS §237-29) (Imp: HRS §§237-29, 201H-36)

#### SUBCHAPTER 2

CERTIFICATION OF PERSONS AND [ENTITIES] FIRMS

- §15-306-11 Types of income eligible for exemption. (a) With respect to for-sale housing projects, the gross income received by a qualified person or firm as allowable development costs, allowable construction costs, or allowable financing costs for the planning, design, financing, construction, or sale of an eligible housing project may be exempt from general excise taxes.
- (b) With respect to rental housing projects, the gross income received by a qualified person or firm as allowable development[-] costs, allowable construction costs, or allowable financing costs for the planning, design, financing, construction, moderate rehabilitation, or substantial rehabilitation of an eligible housing project may be exempt from general excise taxes.
- (c) Rents received from residential units in a rental housing project may be exempt from general excise taxes; provided that in an economically integrated housing project in which only a portion of

the units in a project are targeted for lower income households, the exemption shall apply to only that portion targeted for lower income households.

- (d) Revenues received from commercial, industrial, or other nonresidential uses within an eligible housing project, such as coin operated vending machines, laundromats, parking fees, and the like, shall not be eligible for an exemption from general excise taxes.
- (e) Except for moderate rehabilitation and substantial rehabilitation, revenues received for contracting, services, and materials provided in connection with the management, operation, maintenance, and repair of a rental housing project shall not be eligible for an exemption from general excise taxes. [Eff 10/08/07; am 09/05/08; am and comp 12/11/10; comp 12/11/15; am and comp ] (Auth: HRS §237-29) (Imp: HRS §237-29)

# §15-306-12 Application for certification of newly constructed or rehabilitated housing projects.

When an exemption from general excise taxes is requested by a claimant involved with a newly constructed or rehabilitated housing project, the following shall apply.

- (1) The developer or general contractor of an eligible housing project shall submit to the corporation completed general excise tax exemption claims (department of taxation form G-37) on behalf of any subcontractors, material houses, real estate sales agencies, or other firms involved with the planning, design, financing, construction, or sale of the housing project;
- (2) Along with the claim forms, the developer or general contractor shall submit to the corporation the following information on the eligible housing project:
  - (A) A description of the eligible housing project, including the number of

- housing units affordable to households earning up to fifty per cent, sixty per cent, eighty per cent, ninety-five per cent, and one hundred forty per cent, respectively, of the area median income, as determined by HUD;
- (B) Authorization for the corporation to conduct on-site inspections of the affordable housing project if the project is not being developed or rehabilitated under the sponsorship of the corporation;
- (C) A written statement indicating how any cost savings realized from the exemption from general excise taxes will be used;
- (D) A cover letter requesting the tax exemption, which includes the following:
  - (i) A list of qualified persons or firms previously granted or currently claiming an exemption; and
  - (ii) Contract amounts for each of the qualified persons or firms; and
- (E) Any additional information necessary for the corporation to make a determination; and
- (3) Upon receipt, staff of the corporation shall time stamp the claim form.
  - (A) If the person or firm is found to be eligible under these rules, staff shall [issue a certification for exemption (department of taxation form G 37) to the claimant within ten working days thereafter, and shall forward the originals of the certified claim forms to the department of taxation.] within ten working days of receipt, so notify the claimant in writing.
  - (B) If a person or entity is found to be ineligible under these rules, staff

shall, within ten working days of receipt, so notify the claimant and the developer or general contractor, along with the reason or reasons that the claim is ineligible for an exemption.

- (4) All projects not yet placed in service shall submit to the corporation annual reports containing the following information:
  - (A) Project status, including, but not limited to, status of construction of affordable units;
  - (B) Total amount of allowable construction costs, allowable development costs, and allowance financing costs accrued to date; and
  - (C) A written statement indicating how any cost savings realized from the exemption from general excise taxes were used;
- (5) If the claimant is found to be an eligible rental project under these rules, the claimant shall enter into a regulatory agreement with the corporation to ensure the project's continued compliance with the applicable eligibility requirements set forth in section 201H-36, HRS, as follows:
  - (A) For moderate rehabilitation projects, a minimum term of five years following the completion of construction;
  - (B) For substantial rehabilitation projects, a minimum term of ten years following the completion of construction; or
  - (C) For new construction projects, a minimum term of thirty years from the date of issuance of the certificate of occupancy.
- (6) A project shall be exempt from the requirement set forth in subsection (5) if:
  - (A) The project is a participant in a government assistance program that requires the execution of a deed

restriction or other written agreement that restricts the use and operation of the project, and is recorded on the project for a term that meets or exceeds the lengths of the minimum terms set forth in subsection (5); or

(B) The project is a for-sale project.
(7) Within ten working days after recordation of the regulatory agreement [or determination that the claimant's project is exempt from this requirement, whichever is applicable,] in the bureau of conveyances, staff shall issue a certification for exemption (department of taxation form G-37) and shall forward the original of the certified claim

In no event shall the corporation accept a claim for certification more than one year following the close of the claimant's taxable year for which the exemption is claimed. [Eff 10/08/07; am 09/05/08; am and comp 12/11/10; am and comp 12/11/15; am and comp ] (Auth: HRS §237-29) (Imp: HRS §237-29)

form to the department of taxation.

§15-306-13 Application for certification of rental housing projects. The following requirements shall apply to requests for exemptions from general excise taxes for affordable rents received from affordable housing units in newly constructed or moderately or substantially rehabilitated rental housing projects:

- (1) The claimant shall annually complete and submit to the corporation a general excise tax exemption claim (department of taxation form G-37);
- (2) Along with the claim form, the claimant shall submit to the corporation the following information on the eligible housing project:
  - (A) A description of the eligible housing project, including the number of

- housing units affordable to households earning up to fifty per cent, sixty per cent, eighty per cent, ninety-five per cent, and one hundred forty per cent, respectively, of the area median income, as determined by HUD;
- (B) A schedule showing rents charged on all housing units providing verification that the lower income household tenants meet the income criteria necessary for the tax exemption and an audited income statement or a reconciliation of the department of taxation form G-49 for the claimant's project if provided for in the regulatory agreement;
- (C) Authorization for the corporation to conduct on-site inspections of the project;
- (D) A written statement indicating how any cost savings realized from the exemption from general excise taxes will be used; and
- (E) Any additional information necessary
   for the corporation to make a
   determination;
- (3) Upon receipt, staff of the corporation shall time stamp the claim form; and:
  - (A) If the claimant is found to be eligible under these rules, staff shall issue a certification for exemption within ten working days thereafter, and shall forward the original of the certified claim form to the department of taxation; or
  - (B) If a person or entity is found to be ineligible under these rules, staff shall, within ten working days of receipt, so notify the claimant, along with the reason or reasons that the claim is ineligible for an exemption.

In no event shall the corporation accept a claim for certification more than three

years following the close of the claimant's taxable year for which the exemption is claimed. [Eff 10/08/07; am 09/05/08; am and comp 12/11/10; comp 12/11/15; am and comp ] (Auth: HRS §237-29) (Imp: HRS §237-29)

§15-306-14 Criteria for determining eligibility of projects. In approving or disapproving a project for exemption from general excise taxes, the corporation shall determine whether:

- (1) The project is an eligible housing project under these rules;
- (2) The exemption from general excise taxes will achieve cost savings to assure economic feasibility which will encourage and enable the production or preservation of as many lower cost housing units as possible; and
- (3) The project is consistent with any other requirements under the law or under this chapter.

§15-306-15 Substantial changes. If a contract for work on a certified project experiences substantial changes, the claimant must submit a revised, or amended, department of taxation form G-37 for certification by the corporation. This revised form G-37 must include the full amounts of the contract. A revised department of taxation schedule A to form G-37 must also be submitted, if applicable. For purposes of this section, "substantial changes" means changes of more than twenty per cent of the original contract amount, or more than \$200,000.

[Eff 12/11/10; comp 12/11/15; comp ]
(Auth: HRS §§201H-36, 237-29) (Imp: HRS §§201H-36, 237-29)

#### SUBCHAPTER 3

#### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

§15-306-21 Exemptions for certain existing rental projects. Any existing rental project for which a general excise tax exemption was granted by the Hawaii housing authority prior to June 9, 1983, is not required to reapply for an exemption unless there is a change in use or ownership of the project which results in a change in the target tenant population. Upon such a change in use or ownership, application for recertification shall be made to the corporation. If qualified, the successive owner of the project may receive an annual exemption as long as the project remains an eligible housing project. [Eff 10/08/07;am 09/05/08; comp 12/11/10; comp 12/11/15; comp ] (Auth: HRS §237-29) (Imp: HRS §§ 201H-36, 237-29)

§15-306-22 Exemption for other existing rental projects. The corporation may certify claimants for exemption of affordable rents of existing rental projects following a conveyance or transfer of ownership, provided that the following conditions are met:

- (1) The rental project was previously certified or approved for exemption from general excise taxes by the corporation or its predecessors;
- (2) The rental project will continue to meet the income criteria of an existing eligible housing project, pursuant to a deed restriction or other written agreement that

- restricts the use and operation of the project, and is recorded on the project; and
- (3) The claimant shall reapply for certification of the existing rental project. [Eff 12/11/15; comp ] (Auth: HRS §237-29) (Imp: HRS §§ 201H-36, 237-29)

#### SUBCHAPTER 4

APPROVAL OR CERTIFICATION OF AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING PROJECTS UNDER ACT 54, SESSION LAWS OF HAWAII 2017, AS AMENDED

- §15-306-31 Purpose. (a) This subchapter implements Act 54, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, as amended, regarding general excise tax exemptions for qualified persons and firms involved in providing low and moderate income housing. The legislative intent of Act 54, as amended, is to provide a short-term incentive to spur the creation of more affordable housing by:
  - (1) Expanding the types of rental housing projects that can be exempt from general excise taxes; and
  - Allowing the terms of prevailing wages under contracts pursuant to §201H-36(a)(5) to be deemed prevailing wages as the basis of compliance with chapter 104, HRS for the construction of certain rental housing projects.
- (b) The basis for exemption of the construction of certain rental housing projects from general excise taxes under this subchapter is §104-2(i)(2), HRS.

  Therefore, §46-15.1, HRS, shall not apply to this subchapter, and the counties may not exercise its provisions. The corporation is the sole governmental agency with authority to approve and certify projects under Act 54, SLH 2017, as amended.

# §15-306-32 **Definitions.** For purposes of this subchapter:

"Complete application" means:

- (1) All of the materials required to be submitted to the corporation as set forth in §15-306-12, above;
- (2) A copy of the executed collective bargaining agreement or project labor agreement for the rental housing project; and
- Department of labor and industrial relations approval of prevailing wages for laborers and mechanics employed for construction of the project pursuant to §104-2(i)(2), HRS, in a form established by said department.

 $\frac{\texttt{"Contracting" shall have the same meaning as it}}{\texttt{does in §237-6, HRS.}}$ 

"Governmental contracting agency" shall have the same meaning as it does in §104-2, HRS.

"Project labor agreement" means a collective bargaining agreement or an agreement otherwise compliant with 29 U.S.C. §158(f) for the rental housing project for which an exemption is being claimed under this subchapter. [Eff [Auth: HRS §§104-2, 237-29, 201H-36) (Imp: HRS §§ 201H-36, 237-29)

<u>\$15-306-33</u> Types of income eligible for exemption. Only gross income received by a qualified person or firm for contracting for the new construction or substantial rehabilitation of an

affordable rental housing project may be exempted from general excise taxes. [Eff ] (Auth: HRS §§104-2, 237-29, 201H-36) (Imp: HRS §§ 201H-36, 237-29)

# §15-306-34 Exemptions for projects developed under a contract compliant with section 104-2(i)(2), HRS. (a) From July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2030, the corporation may approve and certify eligible persons or firms involved with a newly constructed, or substantially rehabilitated affordable rental housing project for exemption from general excise taxes, provided that:

- All available units in the affordable rental housing project are for persons and families at or below one hundred forty per cent of the area median family income as determined by HUD, of which at least twenty per cent of the available units are for households with incomes at or below eighty per cent of the area median family income as determined by HUD;
- The affordable rental housing project has received no other direct or indirect financing for the construction project from any other government contracting agency, including the corporation; and
- The project owner shall not refuse to lease a unit to an applicant solely because the applicant holds a voucher or certificate of eligibility under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended.
- (b) Claimants under this section are subject to all applicable requirements set forth in subchapters 1 and 2 of these rules. [Eff ] (Auth: HRS §§104-2, 237-29, 201H-36) (Imp: HRS §§ 201H-36, 237-29)

- §15-306-36 Corporation approval and certification of claims for exemption. (a) The aggregate annual amount of the exemption from general excise taxes for all projects approved and certified by the corporation shall not exceed the statutory limit of \$30,000,000.
- (b) In the event that the corporation has reached or is approaching the statutory limit referenced above, the corporation may:
  - (1) Approve and certify claims for exemption of all or a portion of eligible gross income eligible for exemption under this subchapter, subject to the statutory limit; or
  - Roll over claims for exemption to the next fiscal year. Any claims rolled over under this provision shall be placed ahead of applications that are subsequently received.

    [Eff ] (Auth: HRS §§104-2, 237-29, 201H-36) (Imp: HRS §§ 201H-36, 237-29)

# DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

Hawaii Administrative Ru were adopted	ompilation of chapter 15-306, les, on the Summary Page dated on following a
notice was given in the Garden Island, Maui News	after public Honolulu Star-Advertiser, The , West Hawaii Today, and the wspapers on
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They shall take eff the Office of the Lieute	ect ten days after filing with nant Governor.
	LEILANI PULMANO, Chairperson Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation
APPROVED AS TO FORM:	LINDA CHU TAKAYAMA, Director Department of Taxation
Deputy Attorney General	APPROVED:
	DAVID Y. IGE
	Governor
	State of Hawaii
	Dated:
	Filed

# DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

Amendments to and Compilation of Chapter 15-306, Hawaii Administrative Rules

\_\_\_\_\_, 2018

#### SUMMARY

- 1. §§15-306-2 and 15-306-3 are amended.
- 2. Subchapter 2 is amended.
- 3. §15-306-12 is amended.
- 4. A new subchapter 4, consisting of §§15-306-31 through 15-306-36 is added.
  - 5. Chapter 15-306 is compiled.